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Lesson 29 Taxi!

出租汽车! 表语从句

与课文关联的 10 个单词(点击每个单词可查看详细介绍) 

taxi /'tæksi/ n. 出租汽车

Pilatus Porter /pɪ'leɪtəs 'pɔ:tər/

land * /lænd/ v. 着陆 (不及物)

n. 皮勒特斯 波特 (飞机名)

plough /pləʊ/ v. 耕地

lonely /'ləʊnli/

Welsh /welʃ/ adj. 威尔士的

adj. 偏僻的, 人迹罕见的(地方)

roof /ru:f/ n. 楼顶 (从外面看)

block * /blɒk/ n. 块, 一座大楼

flat * /flæt/ n. 公寓房

desert * /'dezət/ v. 废弃

课文理解 会飞的出租车 难度: 5 级

※ Captain Ben Fawcett **has bought** an unusual taxi and **has begun** a new service. 现在完成时 §

一般过去时往往强调动作本身，而现在完成时则表示始于过去并持续到现在的动作或表示过去不确定的时间发生过的并与现在有某种联系的动作。

- I **hope** you **washed** them before you **ate** them. 一般过去
- Up till now, I **have** never **been** abroad before. 现在完成

时间	发生时间	用法	例句

过去完成	过去	通常搭配一般过去，表过去的过去	After I had left a small village in the south of France, I drove on to the next town.
一般过去		描述过去已经发生过的动作	I visited museums and sat in public gardens.
过去进行		描述过去的某一个时刻正在进行的动作	They were expecting a valuable parcel of diamonds from South Africa.
过去将来		通常搭配一般过去时表过去的将来会预计发生的事	She said she would have to ask her future husband.
现在完成		发生在过去，但对现在产生了影响。	Mr. James Scott has just bought another garage in Pinhurst.
一般现在	现在	描述过去、现在、将来稳定的状态。	I never get up early on Sundays.
正在进行		当前正在发生的广义(在学英语)、狭义的动作(在吃饭)。	She's sitting under the tree.
一般将来	将来	将来预计会发生的动作。	We'll meet him at the harbour early in the morning.
将来进行		将来确定要发生的动作	Most of the young people in the town will be meeting them at the station.

※ The 'taxi' is a small Swiss aeroplane **called** a 'Pilatus Porter'.

call sb. sth. 叫某人...	be called 被称为...
aeroplane called a 'Pilatus Porter' 是过去分词短语,作 aeroplane 的定语。	The instrument was called a clavichord.
<p>一个单独的分词作定语时则往往放在所修饰的名词/代词前面</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He landed in a deserted car park. • a race across the Atlantic. • written English 书面语 • spoken English 口语 • colloquial language 口语 	<p>过去分词(done)修饰名词做定语时是作为被动状态来翻译的。</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I have an instrument called a clavichord. • a ploughed field 被耕过的田 • a deserted car park 被废弃的车场

※ The most surprising thing about it, however, is that it can land anywhere:
on snow, water, or even on a ploughed field.

系动词后的 that 引出的是表语从句(连接词不可省略)。而宾语从句中的 that 可省略, 定语从句中的关系词在从句中做宾语时可以省略。

主	系	连接词	表
The happiest thing	is	that(不可省)	I can visit/see/(stay with) mother during the Spring Festival.
什么(主语)	是		什么事(用一句话做表语)
The point	is	whether	the new plan is feasible.

※ Since then, Captain Fawcett has flown passengers to many unusual places.

since then + 现在完成时 (强调起点)	so far = up to now + 现在完成时 (强调终点)
<u>Since then</u> , they have been trying to find out how the fire began.	<u>Up to now</u> , Mr. Scott has sent a great many requests for spare parts...

※ Once he landed on the roof of a block of flats and on another occasion, he landed in a deserted car park.

『 once...and on another occasion 一次...还有(另)一次... 』

- Once I met him on the street and on another occasion I met him in the library.

※ Captain Fawcett has just refused a strange request from a businessman.

request from sb. 来自某人的请求	The director refused the request from the patient's family. 院长拒绝了病人家属的要求。
request for sth. 要求得到	They rebuffed her request for help. 他们拒绝了她的请求, 不给她帮助。

refuse to do sth. 拒绝做某事	deny doing sth. / deny that + 从句 否认 (指控、做过某事等)
I offered to pay him for his help but he refused (payment).	The secretary denies that she has stolen the letter.
All those not holding tickets will be refused / denied entry. 当 refuse 作为及物/不及物动词表示“拒绝接受”时，不可与 deny 混用；当 refuse 作为及物动词表示“拒绝给予、拒绝要求”时，它与 deny 可以互相替换。	

❖ The man wanted to fly to Rockall, a lonely island in the Atlantic Ocean, but Captain Fawcett **did not take** him because the trip **was too dangerous**.

『 **take sb. to ...** 送某人... You can take me to a rest room. 』

very 强调程度深	too adv. 太，过于 (too 表示“太...”，以至于引起某种后果)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You are very kind. very expensive 很贵，但买得起 I arrived very late but I caught the train. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You are too kind not to help me. 你很善良，必定会帮助我的 (too 在副词或形容词前表否定含义) I also do not want anything too expensive, maybe mid-range. 我也不想要太贵的，中档的就可以了。 I arrived too late and I missed the train. 太晚以至于没有赶上火车

bring v. 从某处将某物“带来”，离说话人越来越近	take v. 拿走，离说话人越来越远	fetch v. 去某地将某物“取来”，是个双程动作，去了再来(双向动作)
He brought the book with him when he came to see me.	He took the book with him when he left .	Please fetch me a glass of water.

语法知识 表语从句 难度：6 级

表语从句与**宾语从句**的关系非常的密切；它们是同一类的从句。主、宾、表、同位都属于名词性从句。它们的写法基本相同，位置不同。

定义：一个句子做表语(主系表)。

位置：主 + 系 + **表语从句**

结构：系动词 + 连接词 + 句子做表语 = 表语从句 (与宾语从句类似)

名词性 从句	主语	实义 动词	连接 词	宾语从 句	I knew that my turn had come .
		系动 词		表语从 句	The car is a small toy called a 'topcar'.
	It 形式 主语	系表/ 谓宾		主语从 句	At one point, it seemed certain that their plane would crash.
	主语	谓宾		同位语 从句	He couldn't explain the fact that Mary's wallet was found in his room.

『使用场景』

表语从句通常跟在**系动词**(is/am/are/was/were...)后面，主要用一句话描述、修饰主语。

主语 + is that/when/... 什么情况	
说事	The most surprising thing is that 最(令人)惊讶的是 I haven't had any water all day.
	The most interesting thing is that 最(令人)有趣的是 he can't sing .
	The most embarrassing thing is that 最(令人)尴尬的是 she forgot to cook .
建议	His suggestion is that we should keep calm.
问题	The question is when he will arrive here.

扩展知识 现在完成时的搭配词 难度：5 级

『副词』

have/has	just 刚刚	done	Now he has just bought another garage in Pinhurst.
	already 已经		He has already been to nearly every country in the world.
	ever 曾经		It is one of the ugliest faces I have ever seen.

never 从来都
不

I have never borrowed any money from you.

『时间』

up to now / up till now 截止到现在	Up to now , Mr. Scott has sent a great many requests for spare parts...
so far 到现在	So far , not one of them has been struck down by sudden death!
for + 一段时间	He has been there for six months.
since + 过去的时间	Yes, I've been here since 1976 .
since + 过去的动作 (一般过去时的句子)	The policeman on duty told him that since his defeat...

原型 (Base Form)	过去式 (Past Tense)	过去分词 (Past Participle)
fly	flew	flown



The best time to plant a tree is 20 years ago. The second-best time is now.

种一棵树最好的时间是20年前，其次是现在。

共有9道练习题(解题方法与答案需要在“ncego.com”笔记官网查看)

1. I _____ Mr. Smith since he moved to Shanghai. (单选)

- A、didn't hear from B、don't hear from C、won't hear from
D、haven't heard from

2. The Harry Potter books _____ pretty popular since they were published. (单选)

- A、become B、will become C、have become
D、are becoming

3. His first novel _____ good reviews since it came out last month. (单选)
- A、 receives B、 is receiving C、 will receive D、 has received
4. It is the most instructive lecture that I _____ since I came to this school. (单选)
- A、 attended B、 had attended C、 am attending
D、 have attended
5. The 'taxi' is a small Swiss aeroplane _____ called a 'Pilatus Porter'. (单选)
- A、 who is B、 whom is C、 which is D、 whose is
6. This is the most surprising thing about it. It is _____ than anything. (单选)
- A、 most surprising B、 more surprising C、 more surprised
D、 most surprised
7. He flew a doctor to a Welsh village. _____ he has flown to many unusual places. (单选)
- A、 From then B、 By then C、 By that time D、 Since that time
8. The ploughed field is ready for _____. (单选)
- A、 sewing B、 sowing C、 seeding D、 growing
9. Captain Fawcett has flown passengers to many unusual _____. (单选)
- A、 parts B、 pieces C、 spots D、 sections

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一场孤独的修行，需要相信积累的力量。专注当下、珍惜时间、心怀感恩、顶峰相见。