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Lesson 75 SOS

呼救信号 一般过去时

与课文关联的 6 个单词(点击每个单词可查看详细介绍) 

thick * /θɪk/ adj. 厚的

signal * /'sɪgnəl/ n. 信号

stamp * /stæmp/ v. 踩，踩

helicopter /'helɪkɒptə(r)/

scene * /si:n/ n. 现场

survivor /sə'vaɪvə(r)/ n. 幸存者

n. 直升飞机

课文理解 劫后余生 难度：6 级

※ When a light passenger plane **flew off course** some time ago, it **crashed in the mountains** and **its pilot was killed**.

『 **off course** 脱离轨道 』

- fly **off** /ɔ:f/ **course** 飞行偏离航线
- of /əv/ **course** § 当然：表示对某事的肯定或同意。
- During the storm, the ship went **off course**.

kill v. 杀 (仅表示死了，不一定是人为的杀死,有可能是火灾等)

murder v. 谋杀 (故意杀死)

Fire in Tokyo. 东京火灾 Five people **killed**. 5人死亡 Ten persons **injured**. 10人受伤

- Lesson 69 But not murder!
- At the time the **murder** was committed...

※ It **was** the middle of winter.

『 the middle of 在...中间 』

时间的中间	位置的中间
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • middle of winter 隆冬 • middle of summer 盛夏 • In the middle of the night, two boys woke up and began shouting. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is a table in the middle of the room. • Late in the afternoon, the boys put up their tent in the middle of a field. • During a bullfight, a drunk suddenly wandered into the middle of the ring.

※ Snow **lay thick** on the ground.

- The old man **lies ill** and **neglected** in bed.
- Dust **lay thick** in the street. 街上积了厚厚一层尘土。
- The tarnish **lay thick** on the inside of the ring. 戒指内侧有一层厚厚的锈斑。

※ The woman **knew that the nearest village was** miles away.

『 miles away 几英里之外 (距离的表达方式) 』

- **years ago** 多年前 (时间的表达方式)
- **many times** 多次 (次数的表达)
- **for hours** 数小时 (小时的表达)

※ When it **grew dark**, she **turned a suitcase into** a bed **and put** the children **inside it**, **covering** them with all the clothes **she could find**.

grew dark 变暗(主动)	turn...into... = change sth. into ... 把...变成... (被动)
As the sun set, the sky began to grow dark . 太阳下山后, 天空开始变暗。	It could well turn into some kind of a media circus. 这很可能会发展成某种媒体闹剧。

※ The woman **kept as near as she could** to the children and **even tried to get into** the case herself, but it **was** too small.

『 as...as sb. can / could = as...as possible 尽可能的... 』

- He got through **as much food as he could** and set out.
- Tell Jim to come to my office **as soon as he can**.

『 **near to = close to** 』

- The supermarket is **near to** my house. 超市离我家不远。
- I live **close to** the city center. 我住得离市中心很近。

※ **Early next morning**, she **heard** planes **passing overhead** and **wondered** **how** she **could send** a signal.

『 **hear sb. doing sth.** 听见某人正在做某事 』

wonder = want to know 及物	wander 游荡, 漫步, 流浪; 走神, 开小差 §
I wonder . In England, each person speaks a different language.	a drunk suddenly wandered into the middle of the ring.

※ Then she **had** an idea. She **stamped** out the letters '**SOS**' **in the snow**.

『 **stamp out** 踩出 (out 在这里为副词, 表示“出现, 显露”等) 』

- The writer has **brought out** another book. 买下...
- He **wrote out** a long list of all the foods which were forbidden. 写出
- **think out** 解决; 仔细考虑; 发现
- **point out** 指出: 通过指点或指出来引导某人的注意力。
- **call out** 喊出来: 通过大声喊叫或使用喇叭等方式来引起某人的注意或召唤某人。

※ **Fortunately**, a pilot **saw** the signal and **sent** a message **by radio** **to the nearest town**.

『 **by radio** 通过广播 』

- They received the news **by radio**. 他们通过无线电收到了这个消息。
- I usually go to work **by bus**. 我通常乘公交车去上班。
- I always travel **by air** when I go on business trips. 我出差时总是乘坐飞机旅行。
- They transported the goods **by sea**. 他们通过海运运输货物。

✧ It **was not long before** a helicopter **arrived on the scene to rescue the survivors of the plane crash.**

『 **on the scene** 在现场（固定短语） 』

- The police were **on the scene** within minutes of the accident. 事故发生几分钟后，警察就到了现场。

long before = long long ago 很久以前	
It will not be long before + 从句 不久就... (将来可能发生的事)	It will not be long before he gets over his illness.
It was not long before + 从句 不久就... (指过去)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It was not long before he went abroad. • It was not long before I finished my homework.
before long 不久以后 (一般将来时, 从现在算不久以后会怎么样)	Before long , he will go abroad.
shortly before ... 之前不久	I saw him shortly before he died. 在他去世前不久我还见过他一面。
shortly after ... 之后立即、不久之后: 在某事件或行动之后不久的时间。	He arrived at the party shortly after she left. 她离开后不久, 他就到了派对上。

『 **联合复习** 』

- [Lesson 3 Please Send Me a Card](#) 请给我寄一张明信片
- [Lesson 27 A wet night](#) 雨夜
- [Lesson 51 Reward for Virtue](#) 对美德的奖赏

语法知识 可以表示“变成”的一些动词 难度: 3 级

"grow," "turn," "go," "get," "come," 和 "fall" 在表示“变成”的不同用法, get、become、turn、go、**grow** 当翻译为“变得”时, 为系动词。

动词	用法示例	解释
grow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He has grown fat. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • grow dark (变黑) 表示逐渐或渐变成某种状态。可指自然生长或兴趣、感情等的发展。

动词	用法示例	解释
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Leaves grow green in spring. My interest in art has grown. He has grown to like studying mathematics. He grew angry when I told him about it. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> grow = get slowly 慢慢变得
turn	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Leaves will turn yellow in autumn. The leaves are turning yellow. His face turned red. She turned her hobby into a career. A colony of bees had turned the engine into a hive. 	<p>表示将某物改变成某种状态，或是改变颜色。可用于叶子变黄、脸变红，也可表示将兴趣、爱好变成事业。</p>
go	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some foods go bad easily. The milk went sour. This apple has gone bad. Things got so bad that he went on a diet. 	<p>表示不好的变化，通常指食物变坏或状态恶化。也可表示一下子变得，如天气突然变冷。</p>
get	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> She got sick last week. They got married last year. Coal got scarce last winter. Things got so bad recently that he decided to go on a diet. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 表示逐渐变成某种状态，通常强调变化的过程。可用于描述生病、结婚等情况。 在口语中使用较多，表示“成为（某种状态）”，强调的是变化的过程（一下子变得）。天气变化，一般用 get, get cold(变冷)

动词	用法示例	解释
come	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Her dream to swim across the channel has come true. The dream comes true. 梦想成真 Take it easy; everything will come right. The knot came loose. 变松动 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 表示实现某种状态或梦想，如梦想成真。也可表示事物状态的变化，如结的变松。 可表示“变成，成为，达到”等，与 true 连用时表示“实现” come + true/right/loose
fall	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You fell asleep while I was talking. He fell ill last week. Prices fell significantly. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 表示逐渐或突然变成某种状态，如入睡、生病或价格下跌。 fall + asleep/ill 坠落梦乡/病倒了

『 By 的5种用法 § 』

1. 'I've just arrived **by train**,' she said. 通过...方式(by doing)、方法。
2. It was bought **by my grandfather**. 被动语态 + by 表被谁做
3. They told stories and sang songs **by the campfire**. 在... 旁边 §
4. Workers will have completed the new roads **by the end of this year**. By + 时间: 截止到, 搭配“完成成”
5. It cleared the mountain **by 400 feet**. 相差额度: 增长了、下降了、增加了、减少了, 体现中间浮动变化差额



be the apple of one's eye

掌上明珠

共有12道练习题(解题方法与答案需要在“ncego.com”笔记官网查看)

1. It got terribly cold. The cold was _____. (单选)

A、frightening B、horrifying C、shocking D、frightful

2. Did you find out _____ the apple pie out of oven? (单选)

A、 to take B、 have taken C、 when to take D、 being taken

3. You would be irritated if you watched the mail _____ on your desk every day. (单选)

A、 putting up B、 to be put up C、 to pile up D、 pile up see

4. We shall set Jim _____ the passage. (单选)

A、 explaining B、 explained C、 to explain D、 explain

5. In fact, she would rather leave for San Francisco _____ in Los Angeles. (单选)

A、 to stay B、 than stay C、 than staying
D、 than have stayed would rather

6. Madame Curie is believed _____ the radium. (单选)

A、 discovering B、 having discovered C、 to have discovered
D、 to discover

7. Of all the economically important plants, palms have been _____. (单选)

A、 the least studied B、 study the least C、 study less and less
D、 to study the less

8. During an eclipse of the sun , _____ in the shadow of the Moon. (单选)

A、 the Earth lies B、 the Earth when lying C、 that the Earth lies
D、 the lying Earth

9. The photo periodic response of algae actually depends on the duration of darkness, _____ . (单选)

A、 the light is not on B、 and not on light C、 but is not on the light
D、 is not on light

10. The wallflower _____ because its weak stems often grow on walls and along strong cliffs for support. (单选)

A、 so called is B、 so is called C、 is so called D、 called is so

11. Because of its importance in modern living, _____ in all parts of the world. (单选)

- A、 algebra is studied in schools and colleges
- B、 studying algebra in schools and colleges
- C、 and the study of algebra in schools and colleges
- D、 in schools and colleges are algebra studies

12. Sociologists have long recognized that social tension _____. (单选)

- A、 elements from group living B、 elements of a normal group life
- C、 living are a group of elements D、 are normal elements of group life

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