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Lesson 33 A day to remember

难忘的一天 非限定性定语从句

与课文关联的 16个单词(点击每个单词可查看详细介绍)



prelude /'preljʊ:d/ n. 序幕，前奏

unforeseen /,ʌnfɔ:'si:n/

series * /'siəri:z/ n. 系列

adj. 意料之外的

catastrophe /kə'tæstrəfi/

crockery /'krɒkəri/ n. 陶器，瓦器

suburb /'sʌbɜ:b/ n. 郊区

n. 大祸，灾难

collide * /kə'laid/ v. 猛撞

learner /'lɜ:nə(r)/ n. 初学者

panic /'pænik/ n. 惊慌，恐慌

windscreen /'wɪndskri:n/

alongside /ə,lɒŋ'saɪd/

slide /slaid/ v. 滑

n. (汽车的)挡风玻璃

prep. 在...的旁边、与...并排

stray /streɪ/ adj. 迷失的，离群的

confusion /kən'fju:ʒn/ n. 混乱

greedily /'gri:dɪli/ adv. 贪婪地

devour /dɪ'vaʊə(r)/

v. 狼吞虎咽地吃

观点 难度：3级

※ to remember 后置定语

- Gandalf, my old friend ... this will be **a night to remember**. 难忘的一夜
- The **important thing to remember** is to eat a variety of healthy food. 重要的是要记住吃各种各样健康的食物。

※ We **have all experienced days when everything goes wrong**.

『 have experienced 经历过 』

- It has the memorable events we **have experienced** together. 那里有我们一起经历过的难忘的事情。
- We **have** all **experienced** how something as simple as a toothache can affect other parts of the body. 我们都体会过，好像牙痛那么小的事，也可以影响身体的其它肢体。

『 go wrong 出错，出问题，不顺利 』

- everything **goes wrong** 每件事都出错、不顺利（事事不顺）
- **Our marriage** began to **go wrong** after we had our first child.
- **Something's gone wrong** with my computer.
- **An advertisement which begins with the magic word FREE can rarely go wrong.**
- **It is all too easy to blame the railway authorities when something does go wrong.**

造句：We have all experienced **days** when **life seems to be a bowl of cherries**. 我们都经历过生活幸福如意的日子。

造句：We have all experienced **moments of misery and despair**. 我们都经历过痛苦和绝望的时候。

※ A day **may begin well enough**, **but suddenly** everything **seems to get out of control**.

『 suddenly adv.突然地 』

- all of a sudden 突然地，出乎意料地
- Seeing a cake flying through the air, a lorry driver who was drawing up alongside the car, pulled up **all of a sudden**.
- all at once 突然地；出乎意料地、同时；一起
- **All at once**, I noticed that my wife seemed to be filled with alarm. NCE3-33

『 get out of control / hand (变得)失去控制 』

- Just make sure your list doesn't **get out of control**. 确保你的表不失控。
- Inflation could **get out of hand**. 通货膨胀可能失控。

『 get sth. under control 掌握中(在控制下) 』

- There's no need to flap—I've **got everything under control**. 不必担心——一切都已在我控制之中。
- We've got to **get the economy under control** or it will literally eat us up. 我们必须控制住经济，否则它真地就会把我们困住。
- He believes that from a military standpoint, the situation **is under control**. 他认为从军事角度来看，局势已得到控制。

❖ What **invariably happens is** that a great number of things **choose** to go wrong at precisely the same moment.

主语	系动词	表语
What invariably happens	is	that a great number of things choose to go wrong at precisely the same moment.
用一个从句做主语(主语从句)		用一个从句做表语 (表语从句)

『 What invariably happens is that ... 往往总是... 』

- **What happens is that** taking snapshots actually increases the load. 当获取快照的时候，事实上反而会增大负载。
- **What happens is that** during an El Nino, the weather pattern changes. 他说，“在厄尔尼诺现象期间，天气模式发生了变化。”
- As we go down a column, **what happens is that** the ionization energy decreases. 当我们沿着列向下走的时候，会发现电离能是在降低的。
- And **what happens is that** people, they start to see themselves in this space. 结果是，这些人开始在这个空间看到自己。
- We see **what happens is that** when the markets -people are chasing past returns. 我们所见的就是当市场，当人们盯着过去的收益时。

造句： **What invariably happens is that** those who work most get paid least. 往往总是干得最多的人收入最少

造句： **What invariably happens is that** once teachers leave the class will be in a state of chaos. 往往总是老师们一走班里就陷入一片混乱状态。

『 choose to do 决定、选择做某事：指做出决定选择去做某件事情。 』

- More and more people are **choosing to live** alone. 选择
- Catherine **chose to ignore** the doctor's warning. 决定

It never rains but it pours. 不雨则已，一雨倾盆。(祸不单行、不鸣则已一鸣惊人)

As the old saying goes, happiness comes alone while misfortune loves company. 俗话说，福无双至、祸不单行。

If anything can go wrong, it will. — Murphy's law

※ It is as if a single unimportant event set up a chain of reactions.

『 set up 』	导致	The <u>heavy fog</u> set up a traffic jam.
	创建、创立、创造	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Debbie is only eleven years old and she hopes to set up a new world record. • He set up a new world record in September 1935 at Bonneville Salt Flats, Utah. • He has surely set up a record for the thousands of children who dream of evading school.
	装配、安装、搭建	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tazieff was able to set up his camp very close to the volcano while it was erupting violently. • The system is set up but it needs some fine-tuning. 该系统已安装好，但需要一些细小调整。 • We decided to set up camp for the night. 我们决定搭帐篷过夜。 • The machine is a doddle to set up and use. 这机器的安装和使用都很简单。
	安排、筹备	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I've set up a meeting for Friday. 我已安排好星期五开会。 • He set up a trust for his children. 他为子女安排好了信托财产。 • The questions were set up to make her look dumb. 这些问题是安排好让她显得蠢的。
	开办; 开创事业	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The mayor's plan offers incentives to firms setting up in lower Manhattan. 市长的计划是鼓励在下曼哈顿区开公司。 • He worked as a dance instructor in London before setting himself up in Bucharest. 在布加勒斯特开创事业之前，他在伦敦当过舞蹈教练。 • Grandfather set them up in a printing business. 祖父资助他们开办了一家印刷公司。

『其它可以表示“导致”的写作替换』

cause v./n. 原因、导致	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Forest fires are often caused by broken glass or by cigarette ends which people carelessly throw away. • Three factors have caused these fish to grow so large...
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<p>effect v./n. 效果、 导致</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Jasper has put up 'No Parking' signs outside his gate, but these have not had any effect. • Parents worry about the effect of music on their adolescent's behaviour. 家长们担心音乐对于其青少年子女行为的影响。
<p>lead to 导致、通向</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A poor diet will ultimately lead to illness. 糟糕的饮食终将导致疾病。 • Hundreds of steps lead to the high wall which surrounds the president's palace. 通向、通往 • Insults can lead to the incitement of violence. 侮辱会导致对暴力的煽动。
<p>result in 导致、产生</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Damage may result in stunted growth and sometimes death of the plant. 损害会导致植物生长受阻，有时还会导致死亡。 • Such a war could result in the use of chemical and biological weapons. 这样一场战争可能导致生化武器的使用。 • Food allergies can result in an enormous variety of different symptoms. 食物过敏会导致大量不同种类的症状。
<p>bring about 引起，导致</p>	<p>Yet, in real life, circumstances do sometimes conspire to bring about coincidences which anyone but a nineteenth century novelist would find incredible.</p>
<p>give rise to 引起 (导致)</p>	<p>This can give rise to curious situations, as it did in the case of Alfred Bloggs who worked as a dustman for the Ellesmere Corporation.</p>
<p>produce v.生产、 使发生(导致)</p>	<p>The drug is known to produce side-effects in women. 众所周知，这种药会在女性身上产生（导致）各种副作用。</p>
<p>create v.创造; 引起 (导致)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We set business free to create more jobs. 我们让企业自由以创造更多的就业机会。 • She could create a fight out of anything. 她可以为了任何事制造(导致)争斗。
<p>trigger / spark v.触发(导致)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Even the smallest diplomatic incident can trigger / spark a major international conflict. • ...the incident which triggered the outbreak of the First World War. ...引起第一次世界大战爆发的事件。 • It is still not clear what events triggered off the demonstrations. 还不清楚是什么事件引发了示威。 • Stress may act as a trigger for these illnesses. 压力也许是引发这些疾病的一个原因。

- A dropped cigarette may have **sparked** the fire. 一支丢弃的香烟可能引发了这场火灾。
- My teacher organized a unit on space exploration that really **sparked** my interest. 我的老师编排了一个关于太空探测的单元，它真正激发了我的兴趣。
- That incident **sparked it off**. 那一事件引发了它。

『 a chain of reactions 一连串的反应 』

It is as if a single unimportant event set up a **chain / series / train / trail / string** of reactions. 替换

- a chain reaction 连锁反应
- a domino effect 多米诺效应
- a ripple effect. 涟漪效应

※ Let us suppose that you are **preparing** a meal and **keeping an eye** on the baby at the same time.

『 keep an eye on sth. / sb. 留意、照看(人有2只眼, 用另一只眼去看) 』

- Would you please **keep an eye on** my suitcase while I'm away?

look after 跟着后面看(照顾)	I know the Lord will look after him. 我知道上帝会照顾他的。
take care of 照顾, 照料	See that you take care of him. 你一定要好好照顾他。
watch 照看	Parents can't be expected to watch their children 24 hours a day. 不能指望父母全天24小时都照看自己的孩子。
babysit 照看小孩儿(有偿的 babysitter)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I promised to babysit for Mrs. Plunkett. 我答应了为普伦基特太太临时照看孩子。 • He used to babysit for Mary <u>when she worked nights</u>. 玛丽上夜班时, 他常常帮她照看孩子。

转折 (预示连串的事件发生) 难度: 3 级

❖ The telephone **rings** and this **marks** the prelude to an unforeseen series of catastrophes.

『ring vi./vt. 响铃』

- The doorbell **rang**. vi.响铃
- **ring** the doorbell. vt.按响

『go off 突然爆炸或发出巨响、发出特定的声音』

- The alarm clock **went off**.
- He heard the alarm **go off**. 他听见警报器响了。

『strike v.打响』

- The clock is **striking** the hours. 打点报时
- The clock began to **strike** twelve.

『marks v.标志、标记』

- It **marked** the end of the great tradition of ships with sails and the beginning of a new era.
- The foundation of the People's Republic of China **marked** the beginning of a new historical period in China.

『mark the prelude to ... 预示着...』

- The dark clouds **marked the prelude to** a heavy storm.
- The Lugouqiao Incident **marked the prelude to** China's War of Resistance Against Japanese Aggression.

❖ **While** you **are** on the phone, the baby **pulls** the tablecloth **off** the table, **smashing** half your best crockery **and** **cutting** himself in the process.

『be on the phone 在打电话（持续进行）』

- answer the phone 接电话

While you **are answering** the phone, ...

- answer the door = I'll get it. 应门
- May I speak to Mr. John Smith? 我可以和约翰·史密斯先生讲话吗?
- This is I'm John Smith speaking. 我是约翰·史密斯。
- This is he **me**. 这就是他。

- speaking 请讲
- Who is it? ~~Who are you?~~ 你是谁?
- Who is there? = Who is calling? 是谁?
- One moment, please. 请稍等
- Hold on / Hang on, please. 请等一下
- John, there's a phone call for you. 约翰, 有你的电话。
- John, you ~~are wanted~~ on the phone. 约翰, 有你的电话。
- John, Tom's on the line. Pick up the phone on your desk. 约翰, 汤姆来电话了。拿起你桌上的电话。
- Sorry, Mr. Smith is in a meeting right now. Would you like to leave a message / May I take a message? 对不起, 史密斯先生正在开会。你要留言吗/我可以帮你留言吗?
- Can you connect me with John Smith in the advertising department? 你能帮我接广告部的约翰·史密斯吗?
- I'd like to **place / make a collect call** to Australia. 我想打一个对方付费电话到澳大利亚。
- The connection is very bad. I can barely hear you. 信号很差。我几乎听不见你说什么。
- There's something wrong with the phone. Let's **hang up**. I'll call you right back. 电话有点问题。我们挂电话吧。我马上给你回电话。

to do 做结果状语 (翻译成结果却怎么样了)	doing 做结果状语
一个出乎意料的。而且往往是一个不太好的这么一个结果。	强调是正常的结果。
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He studied very hard (only) to fail the exam. 他学习很努力, 结果考试不及格。 • The firefighters raced up the building, (only) to be the first victims. 消防队员冲进大楼, 却成了第一批受害者。 • Farm labourers said that they always woke up to find that work had been done overnight. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • She studied hard for months, passing the exam with flying colors. (她努力学习了几个月, 结果以优异的成绩通过了考试。) • She slipped on the wet floor, breaking her arm. (她在湿滑的地板上滑倒, 摔断了手臂。) • He forgot to set his alarm, oversleeping and missing the meeting. (他忘了设置闹钟, 结果睡过头, 错过了会议。)

『 in the process at the same time 与此同时 』

- I stood up to say hello and spilt my drink **in the process**.
- **In the process**, he enjoyed himself thoroughly and kept telling everybody how much he hated hospitals.

※ You **hang up** hurriedly and **attend to** baby, crockery, etc. Meanwhile, the meal **gets burnt**.

『 hang up =put the phone down 挂电话 』

- slam the phone down 砰地挂断电话：生气或失望时用力挂断电话。
- get cut off (电话) 断线了

『 **hurriedly** do sth. in a hurry / rush 匆忙地 』

- in **haste** 匆忙
- There's no **hurry / rush**. 不着急
- What's the **hurry / rush**? 着什么急啊?
- Take your time. 慢慢来，不着急

A: 'Excuse me, ma'am. Ticket, please.' **B:** 'Would you kindly hold these keys, please? I have a ticket, I know. I was in the smoking section.' **A:** 'It's OK, lady. **Take your time.**'

『 **etc.** 来自拉丁文 et cetera 等等 』

- and so on
- and so forth
- and the like
- and what not

meanwhile adv.与此同时(仅1个词性)	Meanwhile , my tongue was busy searching out the hole where the tooth had been.
at the same time 同时	At the same time she felt a prick on her neck. 同时她感到脖子上一阵刺痛。
(in the) meantime adv.同时，在此期间 n.其时，其间	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I continued working. Meantime, he went out shopping. 名词 • In the meantime, the lorrydriver had to sweep up hundreds of broken bottles. 副词
in the process 在这个过程中	In the process , she built a radically new life and career. 在这个过程中，她创建了新生活、新事业。

※ **As if** this **were** not enough to **reduce you to tears**, your husband **arrives**, unexpectedly **bringing** three guests to dinner.

『 **As if** 好像 (引导方式状语从句可以用虚拟语气) 』

- 'Oh, that,' he said with a smile **as if** he were talking about an old friend.
- He acted **as if** he had never lived in England before.

- Don't act **as if** you were the only pebble on the beach.

『 **reduce sb. to sth.** 使某人不快或使某人处于不良状态或情况 』

- reduce sb. to tears 使某人落泪
- reduce sb. to despair 使某人绝望
- reduce sb. to silence 使某人沉默

『 **unexpectedly / unforeseen** 出乎意料地、意外的 』

- The plane was **unexpectedly** delayed. 飞机意外地延误了。
- Radiation may damage cells in a way that was previously **unforeseen**. 辐射也许会以以前未预见的方式损坏细胞。

真实案例 难度：6 级

※ * Things **can** go wrong **on a big scale**, as a number of people recently **discovered** in Parramatta, a suburb of Sydney.

『 **on a big / large / great / grand / vast scale** 大规模的 』

- on a **small** scale 小规模
- on a **limited** scale 有限规模的
- on a **colossal / huge / enormous / immense / gigantic** scale 特大规模的
- on a **national / nationwide** scale 全国规模的
- on a **global / an international / a worldwide** scale 世界规模的

as引导的非限定性定语从句	which引导的非限定性定语
as作为关系代词指代整个主句	which 作为关系代词指代整个主句或先行词均可
as引导的非限定性定语从句位于主句前、中、后均可	which 引导的非限定性定语从句不能位于主句之前
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As a poet points out, life is but a dream. 可放句首 • Children, as is always the case, love their mother. 可放句中 • She became angry, as many could see. 可放句尾 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The sun heats the earth, which makes it possible for plants to grow. 不能替换成as • The operation, which lasted for over four hours, proved to be very difficult because of the hard resin which covered the skin. • ...the Crystal Palace, which was built in Hyde Park for the Great Exhibition of 1851.

as引导的非限定性定语从句含有“众所周知”的意思，常译为“正如..”	which引导的非限定性定语从句则未必有这个意思
在“as + is/was + done”结构中可省略“is/was” (As + done)	在“which + is/was + done”可省略“which + is/was”，而不能只省略be动词—(Which + done)—
As (is) reported, a foreign delegation will visit the city.	a puma (which was) at large

As Napoleon once pointed it out, attack is the best method of defense. 正如拿破仑曾经指出的，进攻是最好的防御方法。

※ During the rush hour one evening two cars **collided** and both drivers **began** to argue.

『 **the morning / evening rush hour** 早/晚高峰时间（不可数） 』

- Don't travel at rush hour. 不要在交通高峰期出行。

When the traffic was very heavy, ... 替换

※ The woman immediately behind the two cars **happened to be** a learner.

『 **immediately behind / above / below / in front of sth.** （地点上）紧临着、紧靠地 』

immediately behind sth. 紧靠后面	The car parked immediately behind the truck. 这辆车停在卡车的正后方。
immediately above sth. 紧靠上方	The lamp hangs immediately above the dining table. 灯悬挂在餐桌的正上方。
immediately below sth. 紧靠下方	The basement is immediately below the ground floor. 地下室就在一楼的正下方。
immediately in front of sth. 紧靠前面	She stood immediately in front of the door, blocking the entrance. 她站在门的正前方，挡住了入口。

『 **chanced to do** 碰巧 』

It **happened / chanced** that the woman immediately behind the two cars **was** a learner. 替换

happened to do 碰巧	happened to sb. 发生在某人身上
I happened to be walking in my garden when ...	It happened to a friend of mine a year ago.

As it happened / As luck would have it, the woman immediately behind the two cars **was** a learner. 替换

※ She suddenly **got into a panic** and **stopped** her car.

She got into a **sudden** panic and stopped her car. 替换(adv. → adj.)

- She stopped her car **in a sudden panic**. 转换成简单句

※ This **made** the driver **following her** **brake** hard.

『 **brake hard / sharply** 猛刹车/急刹车 』

- slam on the brakes 猛踩刹车
- stop 停车
- draw up 停下来, 停车
- pull up 停下来, 停车
- Seeing a cake flying through the air, a lorry driver who was **drawing up** alongside the car, **pulled up** all of a sudden.
- come to a stop / halt 书面(文言)
- It **came to a stop** outside the jeweler's.
- Bruce charged at it, but in the middle, the car **came to a grinding halt**.

收场 难度: 3 级

※ His wife **was sitting** beside him **holding** a large cake.

『 **sit beside him** 坐在他旁边 』

- A young man and a young woman **were sitting behind me**.

※ Seeing a cake flying through the air, a lorry driver **who was drawing up alongside the car**, **pulled up** all of a sudden.

『 **draw up** 停车 』

- A taxi **drew up** at the gate.

『 **draw sth ↔ up** (有宾语)起草、草拟 』

- ..., when the Marquis of Queensberry **drew up** the first set of rules.

『 **alongside** adv.在旁边 & prep. 在...旁边 』

- A car drew up **alongside**. adv.在旁边
- A police car pulled up **alongside** us. prep. 在(我们)旁边“介宾”

※ The lorry **was loaded with empty beer bottles** and **hundreds of them slid off the back of the vehicle and on to the road**.

『 ... **slid off the back** .. 从背面滑落 』

- ... **slipped off** the back ... 替换

『 “上义词”替换 』

The **lorry** was loaded with empty beer bottles and hundreds of them slid off the back of the **vehicle** and on to the road. 卡车→汽车、车辆

- **Giant pandas** are considered a national treasure and the Chinese government are doing their best to protect this **endangered species**. 大熊猫 → 濒危物种
- Moreover, in the past two years other nearby cities may have begun to build similar **golf courses** or **resort hotels**. Indeed, the fact that Ocean View has already built **these facilities** might actually portend failure for Hopewell,... 高尔夫场、度假酒店 → 这些设施

※ This **led to yet another** angry argument.

『 **yet / still (another / one more...)** 然而/还有(另一个/一个...) 』

- **yet** one more question 再提个问题

- **still** another example 再举个例
- He sent **yet another** fax informing the journalist that if he did not reply soon he would be fired.

※ Meanwhile, the traffic **piled up** behind.

『pile up 积聚』

- The work just **keeps on piling up** and makes me want to scream.

※ **It took** the police nearly an hour **to get the traffic on the move again**.

• The police **took** nearly an hour **to get** the traffic on the move again. take times to do sth.

- The police **spent** nearly an hour (in) getting the traffic on the move again. spent times (in) doing sth.

『on the + noun. 处于某种状态』

- The dog is **on the alert**.
- He is always **on the go**. 忙碌
- The patient is **on the recovery**. 康复 (待愈)
- Crimes are **on the rise**. 上升中
- While you are **on the phone**, ...
- Even people who take no interest in art cannot have failed to notice examples of modern sculpture **on display** in public places.
- There was also a great deal of machinery **on display**.
- The house is **on sale**.
- The workers are **on strike**.
- I'm here **on vacation**.
- I'm here **on business**.
- The nurse is **on call** 24 hours a day.

※ **In the meantime**, the lorry driver **had to sweep up** hundreds of broken bottles.

『sweep up 打扫干净』

- Get a broom and **sweep up** that glass will you? 拿一把扫帚把那些玻璃扫干净，行吗？
- They did not **sweep up** the crumbs. 他们没打扫碎屑。
- I **sweep up** the pieces of his plate. 我清扫了他所打碎的盘子。

※ Only two stray dogs **benefited** from all this confusion, for they greedily **devoured** what **was** left of the cake.

『 **benefit from** 得益于；得利于；因...而得到好处 』

- I found I myself also **benefitted from** the translation. 我发现我自己也从翻译过程中受益。
- Your brain will **benefit from** this food. 你的大脑会从这种食物中受益。

『 **benefit** 有益于... 』

- This food will **benefit** your brain. 这种食物对你的大脑有益。

『 **what is left of sth. = what remains of sth.** 某事还剩下什么 』

..., for they greedily devoured what **remained** of the cake. 替换

- It is recounted of Thomas Carlyle that when he heard of the illness of his friend, Henry Taylor, he went off immediately to visit him, carrying with him in his pocket **what remained of a bottle of medicine** formerly prescribed for an indisposition of Mrs. Carlyle's. NCE4-28



pop the question

求婚

共有4道练习题(解题方法与答案需要在“ncego.com”笔记官网查看)

1. W: The noise in my dorm has really gotten out of control. My roommate and I can rarely get to sleep before midnight. M: Why don't you take the problem up with the dorm supervisor? (单选)

- A、 Discuss the situation with the person in charge of the dormitory.
- B、 Ask her roommate not to make so much noise.
- C、 Go to bed after midnight.
- D、 Send a letter to the residents.

2. We started burning some leaves in our yard, but the fire got _____ and we had to call the fire department to put it out. (单选)

- A、 out of hand
- B、 out of order
- C、 out of the question
- D、 out of the way

3. M: Look at all the pollution going into the air from those factories. They'll ever get that under control? W: With the new laws and social awareness, we'll turn things around. (单选)

- A、 The air will be cleaner if they go to a different city.
- B、 It'll soon be too late to control the pollution.
- C、 Society will not pay attention to the new laws.
- D、 The situation will improve if changes are made.

4. M: Did you get cut off? W: No, they asked me to hang up and try again later. Q: What has the woman been doing? (单选)

- A、 Eating in a cafeteria.
- B、 Buying something in a store.
- C、 Talking on the telephone.
- D、 Getting money at a bank.

受限于个人水平，笔记若有疏漏之处，恳请发送邮件至 hibenba@gmail.com 批评指正。

同时可通过网址(ncego.com)页面底部“举报”错误 (更新于:2026-03-01)。

一场孤独的修行，需要相信积累的力量。专注当下、珍惜时间、心怀感恩、顶峰相见。