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# Lesson 18 Porpoises

海豚 让步状语从句 非限定性定语从句 虚拟语气

与课文关联的 22 个单词(点击每个单词可查看详细介绍)



**porpoise** /'pɔ:pəs/ n. 海豚

**mariner** /'mæriənə(r)/ n. 水手

**shark** /ʃɑ:k/ n. 鲨鱼

**formation** /fɔ:'meɪʃ(ə)n/ n. 队形

**dolphin** /'dɒlfɪn/ n. 海豚科动物

**unconscious** /ʌn'kɒnʃəs/

adj. 不省人事

**beaver** /'bi:və(r)/ n. 海狸

**ashore** /ə'ʃɔ:(r)/ adv. 上岸

**waterlogged** /'wɔ:tələgd/

adj. 浸满水的

**scent** \* /sent/ n. 香味

**ensue** /ɪn'sju:/ v. 接着发生

**intrigue** /ɪn'tri:g/ v. 引起兴趣

**indignity** /ɪn'dɪgnəti/ n. 侮辱

**snout** /snaʊt/ n. 口鼻部

**shove** /ʃʌv/ v. 硬推

**aquaplane** /'ækwəpleɪn/

n. 驾浪滑水板

**oceanarium** /,əʊʃə'neəriəm/

n. 水族馆

**swoop** /swu:p/ v. 猛扑

**belly** /'beli/ n. 腹部

**equilibrium** /,i:kwi'lɪbriəm/

n. 平衡

**butt** /bʌt/ v. 碰撞

**crack** /kræk/ n. 重击

## 抛出作者的观点 难度：8 级

※ There **has long been** a superstition among mariners that porpoises **will save** drowning men by pushing them to the surface, **or protect** them from sharks by surrounding them in defensive formation.

『 **There be + 无灵主语** 地道句式(写作仿写: 无灵主语 + 同位语从句) 』

- **There is an undue reliance amongst many journalists on interpretations** supplied to them by lawyers.
- **There has long been a superstition among the Chinese** that seeing a magpie will bring you good luck / is a good omen / is **an auspicious** omen. 中国人长久以来迷信看见喜鹊会有好运气。
- **There has long been a superstition among the Chinese** that hearing the crowing of a crow is a bad omen / an ill omen / **an ominous** omen. 中国人长久以来迷信听见乌鸦叫是不吉利的(A bad omen、An ill omen)。

While the quality of legal journalism varies greatly, **there is** an undue reliance amongst many journalists on interpretations supplied to them by lawyers. 很多记者长期依赖律师提供给他们解释

『 **superstition** 迷信; 迷信的观念 』

- Many people still hold on to old **superstitions** about black cats and broken mirrors. 许多人仍然相信关于黑猫和破镜子的旧迷信观念。
- We should try to **break down / abolish superstition**. 破除迷信。
- The belief that breaking a mirror brings bad luck is an old **superstition**.
- Some media outlets regrettably **foster superstition** instead of promoting science. 一些媒体遗憾地助长迷信, 而不是推广科学。

<b>superstitious</b> 迷信的 (adj.)	He refused to walk under the ladder because he is highly <b>superstitious</b> . 他拒绝从梯子下走过, 因为他非常迷信。
<b>break down / abolish superstition</b> 破除迷信	The goal of the educational campaign is to <b>break down/abolish superstition</b> and promote rational thinking. 这项教育活动的目标是破除迷信, 提倡理性思维。

『 **A bad omen / An ill omen / An ominous omen** 不吉利的预兆 』

- Seeing a black cat is sometimes considered to be **an ill omen**.
- The dark clouds were **an ominous omen** of the coming storm.

※ Marine Studio biologists **have pointed** out that, however intelligent they may be, it is probably a mistake to credit dolphins with any motive of life-saving.

『 **studio** (广播、电视的) 录音室, 录像室, 演播室, 制作室; (音乐) 录音棚; 电影公司; 电影制片厂

』

- Universal Studios 环球影院
- a studio for rent 单间出租
- So glad you could come to our **studio**. 很高兴您能来到我们的演播室。

『 **point out** 指出, 提醒注意(out + that 原因是副词前移 put it out) 』

- Franz poured scorn on the idea, **pointing out** that his brother had been killed in action during the war.
- At this, the police **pointed out ironically** that this would hardly be necessary as the men were already under arrest.
- He has **pointed out** that the tree is a useful source of income, as tourists have been coming from all parts of the country to see it.
- After telling several of his friends about the theft, Dimitri **found out** that his neighbour, Aleko, had suddenly acquired a new lamb. (out是副词found it out)

『 **in that / but that / except that** “介词 + that”例外(看做复合连词) 』

- A word processor is much better than a typewriter **in that** it enables you to enter and text your text more easily. in that 不能放句首, 表原因
- The film is unique **in that** it explores the depths of the human psyche. 说明主句中现象或观点的具体原因、依据或限定方面 (事实或观点成立的特定方面或前提, 常用于解释或限定前述的判断或比较。)
- He had nothing to complain about, **except that** he had to commute a long distance every day. “除了...之外”, 通常在句中表示例外或排除一个事实。
- The novel was perfect, **but that** the ending felt a bit rushed. but that 引导一个从句, 指出“完美”的唯一缺陷/例外。
- **But that** the weather was too cold, we would have gone swimming. “but that” 和 “except that” 可以用来表达 “要不是; 如果不是” 的假设条件, 常用于虚拟语气。
- She might have been fired **except that** he arrived in time. except that 引导假设条件从句 (与过去事实相反), 主句用虚拟语气。

remark / comment + on  
sth. ⇒ (介词) that ...

- The manager **commented on** the sales figures. ⇒ He **commented on that** the meeting had been unproductive.
- She remarked on the beautiful sunset. ⇒ The professor **remarked on that** the assignment was overdue.

『 **宾语从句内的让步状语从句** 』

- **No matter how** intelligent they may be, the dolphins cannot reason like humans. 替换表达
- **although / though / even though / while** they may be intelligent, ... 替换表达

- **Intelligent** as they may be, they lack the capacity for complex moral judgment. §

『 **credit sb. with sth.** 认为某人有某种特征 』

- I had **credited** them **with** more integrity than they showed. (反话, 没想到他们这么不正直)
- I **credited** you **with** a little more sense. (反话, 没想到你这么糊涂)

**credit sth. to ...** 归因于...

I **credited** my success **to** good luck.

『 **motive for / behind sth.** 做某事的动机 』

- The police are still investigating the **motive for the murder**.
- the **motive behind** the bombing
- Economy is one powerful **motive for camping**, since after the initial outlay upon equipment, or through hiring it, the total expense can be far less than the cost of hotels.
- The **motive for / behind** the bombing is revenge. 做某事的动机
- the **motive of** revenge 复仇这个动机

『 **主张-反应模式** 写作技巧 』

- **Claim** 声称 (Superstition among mariners: porpoises save drowning men).
- **Denial** 否认 (Marine Studio biologists: it is probably a mistake to credit dolphins with any motive of life-saving).
- **Reasons for denial** 否认的理由 (后文将提供).

※ On the occasions when they **have pushed** to shore an unconscious human being they **have** much more likely **done** it out of curiosity or for sport, **as** in riding the bow waves of a ship.

『 **on / upon ... occasion** 某事发生的时刻、场合 』

- Mendoza met Humphries in the ring **on a later occasion** and he lost for a second time.
- It is possible that **upon** such an **occasion** a battle ensued, with the sharks being driven away or killed. 本课
- The whole family gathers together **on** special **occasions** like Christmas. 全家人在圣诞节这样的特殊时刻/场合聚在一起。
- **On such occasions**, a formal dress code is usually required. 在这种场合, 通常需要正式的着装规范。
- **On rare occasions**, the northern lights can be seen from this far south. 在罕见的场合, 从南部这么远的地方也能看到北极光。

**instances** 情况...

**In most instances**, there will be no need for further treatment. 在大多数情况中, 将不需要进一步的治疗。

<b>circumstance</b> 情况; 情形 (n.)	They decided to postpone the event due to unforeseen <b>circumstances</b> . 由于不可预见的情况, 他们决定推迟活动。
<b>under no circumstances</b> 在任何情况下都不 (强调否定)	<b>Under no circumstances</b> should you approach that man alone. 在任何情况下, 你都不应该单独接近那个人。

### 『 动词 + 副词 + 宾语 (宾语后置) 』

- ... they have pushed an unconscious human being **to shore** ... 正常语序 ⇒ ... they have pushed **to shore** an unconscious human being ... 宾语后置/状语前置
- ... we have to **lower into the ground and haul out of the ground** great lengths of drill pipes which are rotated by an engine at the top and are fitted with a cutting bit at the bottom. (宾语后置)

His function is analogous to that of a judge, who must accept the obligation of **revealing in as obvious a manner as possible** the course of reasoning which led him to his decision. (宾语后置)

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## 给出作者观点的理由 难度: 8 级

### 『 out of ... 出于... (原因状语) 』

- I'm turning to you **out of desperation**.
- Let us never negotiate **out of fear**, but let us never fear to negotiate.
- The children hid under the bed **out of fear** when the thunder started. 雷声响起时, 孩子们出于恐惧躲到了床底下。

<b>out of interest</b> 出于兴趣	He attended the lecture <b>out of interest</b> , even though it wasn't required for his course. 他出席这场讲座是出于兴趣, 尽管这不是他课程的要求。
<b>out of necessity</b> 出于必要	She took the second job <b>out of necessity</b> to pay her rising medical bills. 她找了第二份工作是出于必要, 为了支付不断上涨的医疗费用。
<b>out of sympathy/pity</b> 出于同情/怜悯	The crowd donated money to the street performer <b>out of sympathy/pity</b> for his condition. 人群出于同情/怜悯, 向这位街头表演者捐了钱。
<b>out of respect</b> 出于尊重	We stood up when the elderly professor entered the room <b>out of respect</b> . 当那位年长的教授走进房间时, 我们起身是出于尊重。

<b>out of conscience</b> 出于良心	The witness finally told the truth <b>out of conscience</b> , despite the risk involved. 这位证人最终说出真相是出于良心，尽管涉及风险。
<b>out of desperation</b> 出于绝望	I'm turning to you <b>out of desperation</b> ; I have nowhere else to go for help. 我是出于绝望才向你求助的，我无处可去寻求帮助。
<b>out of fear</b> 出于恐惧	So let us begin anew—remembering on both sides that civility is not a sign of weakness, and sincerity is always subject to proof. Let us never negotiate <b>out of fear</b> , but let us never fear to negotiate. —John F. Kennedy

『 sport 乐趣、好玩、消遣 』

- Modern alpinists try to climb mountains by a route which will give them **good sport**...
- They were only doing it **for fun**.
- Oh, you're **being a really good sport** about this... 表现得非常有风度

<b>for fun</b> 为了乐趣；只是好玩	We decided to try that new recipe just <b>for fun</b> and see how it turned out. 我们决定尝试那个新食谱只是为了乐趣，看看结果如何。
<b>for pleasure</b> 为了乐趣；为了消遣	She reads novels for pleasure rather than <b>for academic</b> study. 她阅读小说是为了乐趣，而不是为了学术研究。
<b>for amusement</b> 为了消遣；为了娱乐	The children watched the clown's tricks <b>for amusement</b> at the circus. 孩子们在马戏团里观看小丑的把戏，是为了消遣/娱乐。

『 as in doing sth. 如同做某事（省略主语成分的状态从句） 』

On the occasions when they have pushed to shore an unconscious human being **they have much more likely done it out of curiosity or for sport**, as **(they have done it out of curiosity or for sport)** in riding the bow waves of a ship. 课文补全

- Air is to man **as** water is to fish. (书面语中)表示“像...一样”一定是连词
- In New York, ~~like~~ **as in some other cities**, environmental pollution is becoming more and more serious. 老托福语法改错题
- In New York, **as environmental pollution is becoming more and more serious** (补全) in some other cities, **environmental pollution is becoming more and more serious**.
- It is almost always due to some very special circumstances that traces of land animals survive, **as by falling into inaccessible caves, or into an ice crevasse, like the Siberian mammoths, when the whole animal is sometimes preserved, as in a refrigerator.**

- It is almost always due to some very special circumstances that **traces of land animals survive**, as **traces of land animals survive** (补全) by falling into inaccessible caves, or into an ice crevasse, **like** the Siberian mammoths, when the whole **animal is sometimes preserved**, as **the whole animal is preserved** (补全) in a refrigerator.

※ In 1928 some porpoises **were photographed working** like beavers **to push ashore a waterlogged mattress**.

『 **photograph sb. doing sth.** 拍下某人正在做某事 』

- They **were photographed playing** with the children.
- The journalist managed to **photograph** the celebrity **leaving** the secret meeting. 这位记者设法拍下了这位名人在秘密会议后离开的照片。

『 **beaver** 海狸 』

- The conservation group is monitoring the local population of the Eurasian **beaver**. 这个保护组织正在监测当地欧亚海狸的数量。
- The construction crew worked like **beavers** to finish the project on time.

**an eager beaver** 干活特别卖力的人；对工作极有热忱的人 (习语)

He is such **an eager beaver**; he always volunteers for extra assignments. 他真是个工作特别卖力的人，总是自愿承担额外任务。

※ **If, as has been reported**, they **have protected** humans from sharks, it **may have been because** curiosity **attracted** them **and because the scent of a possible meal attracted** the sharks.

『 **as 引导非限定定语从句 (区别于 which)** 』

1. as 作为关系代词指代整个主句，而 which 作为关系代词指代整个主句或先行词均可。
2. as 引导的非限定性定语从句位于主句前、中、后均可，而 which 引导的非限定性定语从句不能位于主句之前。
3. as 引导的非限定性定语从句含有“众所周知”的意思，常译为“正如……”，而 which 引导的非限定性定语从句则未必有这个意思。
4. 在“as + is/was + done”结构中可省略“is/was”，而在“which + is/was + done”可省略“which + is/was”，而不能只省略 be 动词。

- **As a poet points out**, life is but a dream.
- Children, **as is always the case**, love their mother.
- She became angry, **as many could see**.

- As is so often pointed out, knowledge is a two-edged weapon...
- **As is so often pointed out**, knowledge is a two-edged weapon which can be used equally for good or evil.
- The sun heats the earth, **which** makes it possible for plants to grow. (不能换成as, 没有“正如”的含义)
- As (is) reported, a foreign delegation will visit the city.
- a puma (which was) at large

If, **as reported**, they have protected humans from sharks, ... 课文简写

- As Napoleon once pointed it <sup>X</sup> out, attack is the best method of defense. 多了宾语 (美式)
- **Cave exploration, or pot-holing, as it has come to be known, is a relatively new sport.** 美式英语会认为是错的 (as引导非限定性定语从句), 英式认为as引导方式状语从句
- The problem, **as I see it**, is no big deal. 错与对是根据英式还是美式
- The author was brought up in a small village, **as it** is recounted in some of his stories. 雅思这句没有问题, 托福就属于错误

### such / the same / as / so ... as ...

限定性定语从句关系代词 as

- I need the tool **which** you are using.
- need **the same** tool **as** you are using.
- I need **such** a tool **as** you are using.
- I need **as** useful a tool **as** you are using.
- **Such** inns ~~as there were~~ **were** generally dirty and flea-ridden; the food simply local

『 it may have been because ... 原因可能是因为... 』

- **It is because of** your help that I succeeded. 正是因为你的帮助我才成功了.
- **The reason I left is that** I was unhappy. 我离开的原因是不开心.
- ~~The reason is because I was unhappy.~~ **X**

... **it** may have been because curiosity attracted them ... ⇒ ... **the reason** may have been that curiosity attracted them ... 课文写法替换

## ※ Porpoises and sharks **are** natural enemies.

『 **natural enemies** 天敌(复数名词表类别) 』

- The fox is the **natural enemy of** the rabbit.
- **This rabbit had no natural enemies in the Antipodes, ...**
- Birds are **natural enemies of** insect pests of human bird friend. 鸟是害虫的天敌鸟是人类的朋友。

※ It is possible that upon such an occasion a battle **ensued**, **with the sharks being driven away or killed**.

『 it is possible that ... 有可能... 』

- It is possible that there is a definite relation between these paintings and the markings that sometimes accompany them.
- It is possible that he missed the train.
- Yes, it is possible that we forgot to buy cinnamon. 是的,我们可能忘了买桂皮粉。

理由的拓展 难度: 8 级

※ \* Whether it be bird, fish or beast, the porpoise **is** intrigued with anything that **is** alive. 使用假虚拟增强文言色彩

『 Whether it be ... (虚拟语气) 无论是... (让步状语从句) 』

- **Whether it is** bird, fish or beast, ... 普通表达(成对出现时不用加冠词)
- **Whether it be** beauty, money, or authority, the man is intrigued by anything that possesses it.
- After all, all living creatures live by feeding on something else, **whether it be** plant or animal, dead or alive, and it is only by chance that such a fate is avoided.
- **Whether she be right or wrong**, she will have my unswerving support.
- **Though** he be the President himself, he shall listen to us. 不光Whether可以引导, 其它的也可以

『 **be型虚拟倒装** be放在句首 』

- **Be** it bird, fish or beast, the porpoise is intrigued with anything... Be it ... 无论是...
- Home is home, **be** it ever so homely. 尽管它可能再怎么简朴
- Home is home, **though it be** ever so homely. 家就是家, 尽管它可能再怎么简朴。

**Though** the girl **be** beautiful, I don't like her.

Once the educators, **be** they administrators or teachers, are under the control of students, even a democratic situation would be like holding royalty accountable to the mob.

Once the educators, **whether** they **be** administrators or teachers, are under the control of students, even a democratic situation would be like holding royalty accountable to the mob.

『 **be intrigued with / by ...** 对...感到好奇/着迷 』

- I was **intrigued by** his strange behavior. 被他奇怪的行为所吸引

- The children were **intrigued with** the new toy. 对新玩具很着迷

※ They **are** constantly after the turtles, who peacefully **submit** to all sorts of indignities.

『 **be after ...** 追逐；追捕；想抓住或得到... 』

- The police are **after** the fugitive. 警察正在追捕逃犯
- I'm sure she's **after** my husband. 她肯定想得到我丈夫
- He's **after** my job. 他觊觎我的工作。

『 **submit to ...** 服从；屈服于；甘心忍受... 』

- We're saying, "God, I want to **submit to** You. 我们就是在说，"神啊，我愿降服于你。"
- All countries in the EU must **submit to** its laws.
- I'm not prepared to **submit to** this painful course of treatment.
- First, you must give Helen back to my brother. Second, Troy must **submit to** my command to fight for me whenever I call.

<b>bow to ...</b> 屈从于	The government refused to <b>bow to</b> terrorists. 屈从于恐怖分子
<b>yield to ... / succumb to ...</b> 屈服于；让步于	He would never <b>yield to</b> pressure.
<b>be subject to ...</b> 受...支配/约束	All employees are <b>subject to</b> <u>the regulations of the company</u> .

So let us begin anew—remembering on both sides that civility is not a sign of weakness, and sincerity **is** always **subject to** proof. Let us never negotiate out of fear, but let us never fear to negotiate. — John F. Kennedy

※ One young calf especially **enjoyed** raising a turtle to the surface with his snout, and then shoving him across the tank like an aquaplane.

『 **calf** 大型动物的幼崽（如海豚、鲸、牛、象等） 』

- The mother elephant protected her newborn **calf** fiercely from predators. 母象猛烈地保护她刚出生的幼象免受捕食者的侵害。
- The mare gave birth to a small **foal**.

- A shepherd was tending his **lambs**.
- The lion **cub** was playing with its mother.

<b>foal</b> 驹子；小马驹；小驴子 (n.)	A lively brown <b>foal</b> was seen running across the pasture next to its mother. 一匹活泼的棕色小马驹被看到在牧场上跟着它的母亲奔跑。
<b>piglet</b> 猪仔；小猪 (n.)	A litter of tiny <b>piglets</b> huddled together near the sow for warmth. 一窝小小的猪仔挤在母猪旁边取暖。
<b>lamb</b> 羔羊；小羊 (n.)	The shepherd carried a weak little <b>lamb</b> back to the farm for special care. 牧羊人把一只虚弱的小羊羔带回农场进行特殊护理。
<b>kid</b> 小孩；小山羊 (n.)	The goat gave birth to two mischievous <b>kids</b> last night. 那只山羊昨晚生了两只调皮的小山羊。
<b>fawn</b> (不足一岁的) 幼鹿 (n.)	A spotted <b>fawn</b> was quietly grazing on the edge of the forest. 一只带斑点的幼鹿正在森林边缘安静地吃草。
<b>cub</b> (熊、狮、狐狸等食肉动物的) 幼兽，崽 (n.)	The lioness was teaching her <b>cubs</b> how to hunt in the tall grass. 母狮正在教她的幼崽如何在高草中捕猎。
<b>kitten</b> 小猫 (n.)	We adopted a playful ginger <b>kitten</b> from the animal shelter. 我们从动物收容所领养了一只爱玩耍的姜黄色小猫。
<b>puppy</b> 小狗；幼犬 (n.)	The children spent the afternoon training their new golden retriever <b>puppy</b> . 孩子们花了一个下午的时间训练他们新的金毛幼犬。
<b>chicken</b> 小鸡 (n.)	The farmer showed us a basket full of fluffy yellow <b>chickens</b> . 农夫给我们看了一篮子毛茸茸的黄色小鸡。
<b>duckling</b> 小鸭子 (n.)	A line of seven adorable <b>ducklings</b> waddled behind their mother toward the pond. 一排七只可爱的小鸭子摇摇晃晃地跟在它们的妈妈后面走向池塘。
<b>gosling</b> 小鹅 (n.)	The farmer's wife rescued a frightened little <b>gosling</b> that had wandered off. 农夫的妻子救了一只走失了的受惊的小鹅。
<b>larva</b> 幼虫；幼体 (n.)	Scientists are studying the aquatic <b>larva</b> of the mosquito to find a way to control the population. 科学家正在研究蚊子的水生幼虫，以找到控制其数量的方法。
<b>infant</b> 婴儿；幼儿 (n.)	The clinic provides regular check-ups and vaccinations for <b>infants</b> and toddlers. 诊所为婴儿和学步儿童提供定期的检查和疫苗接种。

※ Almost any day a young porpoises **may be seen** trying to **turn** a 300-pound sea turtle **over** by sticking his snout under the edge of his shell and pushing up for dear life.

『 **stick sth.** 伸出 (某物) 』

- **Stick 'em up!** 举起手来
- The boy was dared to **stick his hand into the dark hole.** 把他的手伸进黑洞里
- The doctor asked me to **stick out my tongue.** 伸出我的舌头

**stick to**  
坚持

The sad truth is that most of us have been brought up to eat certain foods and we **stick to** them all our lives.

『 **for dear life** 拼命地 』

- The hikers clung to the rope **for dear life** as the wind howled.
- She was holding on to the rope **for dear life.** 她死命抓着那根绳子。
- Clinging on **for dear life**, Harry sent Stunning Spells flying at random into the whirling night. 哈利一边拼命稳住身子，一边对着旋转的黑夜胡乱发射昏迷咒。

**for life** 终生，一辈子

The accident left her **scarred for life.** 终生留下疤痕

※ This **is** not easy, and **may require** two porpoises **working together.**

『 **working together** 协同工作 』

- Our success lies in working together as a team. 我们的成功在于团队合作。
- Solving this complex problem will **require several teams cooperating.**
- We can overcome all the difficulties by working together. 通过共同努力，我们可以克服所有的困难。

※ In another game, **as** the turtle **swims** across the oceanarium, the first porpoise **swoops** down from above and **butts** his shell with his belly.

『 **butt sth.** 用头或角顶撞某物 』

- The goat tried to **butt the fence.** 用头顶撞栅栏
- He **butted the door open.** 用头顶开了门

※ This **knocks** the turtle down several feet.

『 **knock sth. down** 击倒；撞倒 』

- The strong wind **knocked down the old tree**. 吹倒了那棵老树。
- She was **knocked down** by a bus. 她被一辆公共汽车撞倒在地。
- Stay away from houses or buildings being built or **knocked down**. 远离正在建造或拆毁的房屋或建筑物。

※ He **no sooner recovers his equilibrium** than the next porpoise comes along and **hits him another crack**.

『 **No sooner ... than ...** 一...就... (倒装) 』

**No sooner does** he recover his equilibrium **than** the next porpoise comes along and hits him another crack. 部分倒装 (写作替换)

※ Eventually the turtle **has been butted** all the way down to the floor of the tank.

『 **all the way down to ...** 一直到... 』

- **All the way** Peter was tormented with fear. 彼得一路上饱受恐惧的折磨。
- We walked **all the way down to the beach**. 一直走到了海滩。
- We drove **all the way** with the hood down. 我们一路上敞着车篷开车。

※ He **is now satisfied** merely to try to stand up, **but as soon as he does so** a porpoise **knocks** him flat.

『 **be satisfied with / to do ...** 对某事很满意 』

- I am **content with the results** of the experiment.
- The team was **satisfied to finish the race**. 满足于完成比赛
- The client **was satisfied with** the quality of the final product. 客户对最终产品的质量感到满意。
- After working hard, he **was satisfied to rest** for a few days. 努力工作之后, 他很满意休息几天。

<b>be content with ...</b> 对...感到满足/知足	They <b>are content with</b> their simple lifestyle in the countryside. 他们对他们在乡村的简单生活方式感到满足。
<b>be content to do ...</b> 满足于做某事	She <b>is content to read</b> quietly by the fire all evening. 她很满足于整个晚上在火炉旁安静地阅读。

『部分倒装 写作替换(上文出现过no sooner)』

...but **no sooner does** he do so than a porpoise knocks him flat. 但他一这样做, 一只海豚就将他击平.

※ The turtle **at last gives up** by pulling his feet under his shell and the game **is over**.

『give up 放弃』

- We will never **give up the fight for justice**.
- Anyway, as Brian pointed out, it is the easiest thing in the world to **give up** smoking.
- A radio message from the mainland had been received by the ship's captain instructing him to **give up** the search.
- Uh ... I give up. 嗯...我放弃猜。



[back to square one](#)

回到原点, 从头再来

受限于个人水平, 笔记若有疏漏之处, 恳请发送邮件至 [hibenba@gmail.com](mailto:hibenba@gmail.com) 批评指正。

同时可通过网址([ncego.com](https://ncego.com))页面底部“举报”错误 (更新于:2026-03-01)。

一场孤独的修行, 需要相信积累的力量。专注当下、珍惜时间、心怀感恩、顶峰相见。