

📢 《夸克英语笔记》使用声明：

本套笔记完全免费且未提供任何付费服务及纸质版。我们坚持公益、非营利的原则，只为让优质内容触手可及。请勿用于任何商业用途，欢迎在合法范围内分享。



夸克英语笔记

## Lesson 33 Education

教育 无动词分句 并列句 虚拟语气

本文档(更新于:2026-03-27)最新内容地址：<https://www.ncego.com/lessons/266>

### 单词列表 (点击单词可以查看详细笔记)

**adverse** /'ædvɜ:s/ adj. 不利的

**preacher** /'pri:tʃə(r)/ n. 传教士

**outlook** \* /'aʊtlʊk/ n. 视野

**democratic** \* /,demə'kræti:k/ adj. 民主的

**tribe** /traɪb/ n. 部落

**compulsory** /kəm'pʌlsəri/ adj. 义务的

**means** /mi:nz/ n. 方法，手段，财产，资力

**savannah** /sə'vænə/ n. 大草原

**delinquency** /di'liŋkwənsi/ n. 犯罪

**purchasable** /'pɜ:tʃɪsəbəl/ adj. 可买到的

**defendant** /di'fendənt/ n. 被告

**capacity** /kə'pæsəti/ n. 能力

**tribal** /'traɪb(ə)l/ adj. 部落的

**illiterate** /ɪ'lɪtərət/ n. 文盲

**deem** /di:m/ v. 认为

**hamper** /'hæmpə(r)/ v. 妨碍

**juvenile** /'dʒu:vənaɪl/ adj. 青少年

### 提出论点 难度：6级

※ Education is one of the key words of our time.

『 a key word / issue / factor 一个关键词/议题/因素 』

- Development is **one of the key words** of our time.
- Freedom of speech is a **key word** in democratic societies. 言论自由是民主社会的一个关键词。
- "Sustainability" has become a **key word** in development debates. "可持续性"已成为发展辩论中的一个关键词。

<b>vital</b> adj.极重要的；生命攸关的	Trust is a <b>vital</b> ingredient in any successful relationship. 信任是任何成功关系中至关重要的因素。
<b>crucial</b> adj.至关重要的；关键性的（侧重对结果的影响）	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The next few weeks will be <b>crucial</b> for the success of the project. 接下来的几周对项目的成功至关重要。</li> <li>We're at a <b>critical time</b> in our history.</li> </ul>
<b>essential</b> adj.必不可少的；本质的	Fresh water is <b>essential</b> for the survival of all living things. 淡水对所有生物的生存都是必不可少的。
<b>critical</b> adj.关键的；严重的；危急的	The patient is in <b>critical</b> condition after the car accident. 车祸后，该病人的情况非常危急。
<b>momentous</b> adj.重大的；关键的 <b>a momentous decision / occasion</b> 重大的决定/时刻	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The discovery of penicillin was a <b>momentous</b> event in the history of medicine. 青霉素的发现是医学史上的一件大事。</li> <li>Choosing which university to attend is a <b>momentous decision</b> for any student. 选择哪所大学对任何学生来说都是一个重大的决定。</li> </ul>
<b>be of paramount importance to ...</b> 对.....至关重要（首要的）	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Safety must <b>be of paramount importance to</b> all employees in the factory. 安全对工厂的所有员工来说都必须是至关重要的。</li> <li>Passenger safety <b>is of paramount importance to</b> us.</li> </ul>
<b>be uppermost in one's mind</b> 在某人心中是最重要的	The safety of the passengers <b>is uppermost in the</b> pilot's <b>mind</b> . 乘客的安全在飞行员心中是最重要的。
<b>uppermost in my mind</b> 在我心中最先考虑的	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Getting this project finished on time is <b>uppermost in my mind</b>. 按时完成这个项目是我目前最首要的任务。</li> <li>Although I'm here in Beijing, my family back in my hometown <b>is always uppermost in my mind</b>.</li> </ul>

※ A man without an education, many of us believe, is an unfortunate victim of adverse circumstances, deprived of one of the greatest twentieth-century opportunities. (A man is a victim.)

『 **deprived of** 被剥夺了/缺乏 』

- They were **deprived of** basic human rights. 他们被剥夺了基本人权。
- A man without an education is **deprived of** one of the greatest opportunities. 一个没有受过教育的人被剥夺了最伟大的机会之一。
- The lack of funding means the program will be **deprived of** essential resources. 资金的缺乏意味着该项目将被剥夺基本资源。

<b>be deprived of sth.</b> 被剥夺了...	The war has <b>deprived children of</b> their childhood. 战争剥夺了孩子们的童年。
<b>adverse circumstances</b> 不利环境	He succeeded despite the most <b>adverse circumstances</b> . 尽管环境非常不利，他还是成功了。

**Many of us believe that** a man without an education is an unfortunate victim of ... 中式英语(重心偏移了)

A man **without an education**, many of us believe, is an unfortunate victim of ... 突出重点与强调点

- **You may wonder** why spiders are our friends. ⇒ **Why**, you may wonder, **should spiders be our friends?**
- **It seems** that dogs love to chew up money! ⇒ **Dogs**, it seems, **love to chew up money!**
- **Many of us believe that** economic development is of paramount importance to china. ⇒ **Economic development**, many of us believe, is of paramount importance to china.

※ Convinced of the importance of education, modern states 'invest' in institutions of learning to get back 'interest' in the form of a large group of enlightened young men and women who are potential leaders.

『 **convince sb. of sth.** 使某人相信某事;坚信.../确信... 』

- The jury was **convinced of** his guilt. 陪审团确信他有罪。
- I am **convinced of** her ability to handle the job. 我确信她有能胜任这份工作。
- It was difficult to **convince him of** the truth. 很难让他相信事实真相。

<b>be convinced of ...</b> 确信.....; 深信.....	<b>I am convinced of</b> her innocence despite the evidence. 尽管有证据，我仍深信她是清白的。
---	---

『 **invest in...** 投资于... 』

- The company decided to **invest heavily in** renewable energy. 公司决定大力投资于可再生能源。
- It is a wise decision to **invest in** renewable energy. 投资可再生能源是一个明智的决定。

<b>invest ... in ...</b> 把 (时间、精力等) 投入到.....中	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• She <b>invested</b> a lot of time <b>in</b> learning a new language. 她投入了大量时间学习一门新语言。</li> <li>• I <b>invested</b> time and energy <b>in</b> learning English.</li> </ul>
<b>invest ... with ...</b> 赋予 (某人或某物) 以 (权力、特质等)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The author <b>invests</b> the main character <b>with</b> great courage. 作者赋予了主角巨大的勇气。</li> <li>• His life was <b>invested with</b> a new significance.</li> </ul>
<b>invest sb. with legal rights</b> 赋予某人法律权利	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The new law will <b>invest</b> every citizen <b>with legal rights</b> to privacy. 新法律将赋予每个公民法律认可的隐私权。</li> <li>• ... <b>nor should we seek to invest with significance that which we cannot grasp.</b></li> </ul>

『 **institution** n. 机构, 团体 (financial / educational / charitable institution) 』

- A bank is a **financial institution** that accepts deposits and makes loans. 银行是吸收存款并发放贷款的金融机构。
- Harvard University is a world-renowned **educational institution**. 哈佛大学是世界闻名的教育机构。
- The **charitable institution** provides food and shelter for the homeless. 该慈善机构为无家可归者提供食物和住所。

<b>institute</b> 学院; 研究院; 机构	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• He works as a researcher at the <b>institute</b> of technology. 他在理工学院担任研究员。</li> <li>• Massachusetts <b>Institute</b> of Technology (MIT)</li> </ul>
<b>the institute for the destitute</b> 救济院	In the past, <b>the institute for the destitute</b> was the last resort for the poor. 过去, 救济院是穷人最后的寄托。
<b>agricultural / aviation institute</b> 农业/航空学院	She graduated from a top <b>aviation institute</b> and became a pilot. 她毕业于顶尖的航空学院并成为了一名飞行员。

『 **enlightened** adj. free from prejudice, ignorance, superstition, etc. 开明的 』

- The company takes an **enlightened attitude** toward flexible working hours. 公司对灵活的工作时间持开明的态度。
- The government implemented an **enlightened policy** to protect minority rights. 政府实施了一项保护少数群体权利的开明政策。

- His words have **enlightened** me. 他的一番话使我开了窍。

<b>enlighten</b> 启发；开 导；阐明	Could you <b>enlighten</b> me on how this new software works? 你能启发我一下这个新软件是怎么运行的吗？
-------------------------------	--

※ Education, with its (education) cycles of instruction (being) so carefully worked out, punctuated by textbooks -- those purchasable wells of wisdom - what would civilization be like without its benefits? 无动  
词分句

『 **work out** 制定出，策划出 』

- The committee will meet tomorrow to **work out a plan** for the fundraiser. 委员会明天将开会为筹款活动制定计划。
- The fitness coach helped her **work out a program** to improve her core strength. 健身教练帮她制定了一套增强核心力量的训练计划。

『 **punctuate** vt./vi. 给文章加标点 』

- You should **punctuate** your sentences correctly to make them easier to read. 你应该正确地给句子加标点，使它们更容易阅读。
- a speech **punctuated** by applause
- After finishing the draft, he spent some time to **punctuate the article** properly. 写完草稿后，他花了一些时间给文章加好标点。

<b>punctuate</b> vt. 强调	He made gestures to punctuate his remarks.
<b>emphasize / stress ...</b> 强调；重视	The teacher used a red pen to <b>emphasize</b> the most important points. 老师用红笔来强调最重要的要点。
<b>lay / put emphasis / stress on ...</b> 把重点放在.....上；着重于	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Our company <b>lays</b> great <b>emphasis on</b> customer satisfaction. 我们公司非常重视客户满意度。</li> <li>• Schools here <b>lay / put</b> great <b>emphasis on</b> mathematics.</li> <li>• In his speech, he <b>laid / put</b> <b>particular stress on</b> the freedom of the press.</li> </ul>

We would **lay less stress on** 'facts and figures' and **more on** a good memory, **on** applied psychology, and **on** the capacity of a man to get along with his fellow-citizens. 本

『 **无动词分句** 名词或者短语，无谓语动词但发挥句子重要的成分。 』

- **A science reporter**, he has a wide range of knowledge.
- **Bank loan or no bank loan**, we'll buy the house.
- **Master in his own house**, he has little idea of when to say boo to a maître d'hôtel.

『 **If + S. + did / were ..., S. + would / should / could / might + do ...** 虚拟语气（与事实相反） 』

What would civilization be like **if** there were not its benefits? 课文补全

- **Without it we could not make a living.** ↔ **if** we didn't have it we could not make a living.
- There **would be** no living things without air. ↔ There would be no living things **if** there were no air.
- **In his position**, I **would commit** suicide. ↔ **if** I were in his position, I would commit suicide.

**How** would civilization be without its benefits? 替换引导词

**Education**, what would civilization be like without its benefits? 去掉后置定语

- **God Almighty**, where are you when the world is racked by war? 在无动分句后通常加一个疑问句以加强语气

Internet technology, with its influence spreading to every corner of the world, punctuated by a wide range of applications, what would our lives be like without its benefits? 影响遍及全球，并且被广泛的应用所强化的因特网技术，如果没有它带来的好处的话，我们的生活将会是什么样子的呢？

- What would life be like without electricity? 没有电，生活会是怎样的？
- What would the modern world be like without the Internet? 没有互联网，现代世界会是怎样的？

给出明确的回答 难度：5级

※ So much is certain: that we would have doctors and preachers, lawyers and defendants, marriages and births -- but our spiritual outlook would be different.

『 **So much is certain: that...** 如此确定的是...（同位语的固定句式） 』

- **So much is certain: that** the project will not be finished on time. 如此确定的是：该项目将无法按时完成。

### 『 spiritual outlook 精神面貌/精神视野 』

- Our **spiritual outlook** would be different in a bookless world. 在一个没有书本的世界里，我们的精神面貌将有所不同。
- Meditation can profoundly change a person's **spiritual outlook**. 冥想可以深刻地改变一个人的精神面貌。

※ We would **lay less stress on 'facts and figures'** and **more on a good memory, on applied psychology, and on the capacity of a man to get along with his fellow-citizens.**

We would **lay less stress on** 'facts and figures' and (lay) **more** (stress) **on** a good memory, (lay more stress) **on** applied psychology, and (lay more stress) **on** the capacity of a man to get along with his fellow-citizens. 课文补全

- It has been said that everyone lives by selling something. In the light of this statement, teachers **live by** selling knowledge, philosophers (live) **by** selling wisdom and priests (live) **by** selling spiritual comfort.
- **Carlyle was entirely ignorant of** what the bottle in his pocket contained, (Carlyle was entirely ignorant) **of** the nature of the illness from which his friend was suffering, and (Carlyle was entirely ignorant) **of** what had previously been wrong with his wife, but a **medicine ...**
- For in a university, science majors **look down on** humanities majors, foreign language majors (look down) **on** Chinese majors, Chinese majors (look down) **on** philosophy majors, philosophy majors (look down) **on** sociology majors, and sociology majors (look down) **on** education majors. Since education majors have no one to **look down on**, they can only **despise** the professors in their own department. 《围城》

### 『 lay stress on... 强调/重视 』

- The company **lays great stress on** customer service. 该公司非常重视客户服务。
- We would **lay less stress on 'facts and figures'** and **more on a good memory**. 我们对“事实和数据”的重视会减少，而对良好的记忆力会更加重视。

**attach importance to ...**  
重视

We would **attach less importance to** 'facts and figures' **and more to** a good memory, **to** applied psychology, **and to** the capacity of a man to get along with his fellow-citizens. 课文改写

『 **get along with...** 与...和睦相处 』

- It is important to **get along with your colleagues.** 与同事和睦相处很重要。
- He has the **capacity to get along with his fellow-citizens.** 他有与同胞和睦相处的能力。
- Despite their differences, the two neighbours **get along well.** 尽管他们之间有分歧，但这两个邻居相处得很好。

※ **If our educational system were fashioned after its bookless past we would have** the most democratic form of 'college' imaginable.

『 **fashion** v. (尤指用手工) 制作, 使成形; 塑造 』

- He **fashioned** a toy gun from a piece of wood.
- She **fashioned** a pot from the clay. 她用黏土制成一个罐。
- He **fashioned** a whistle out of a piece of wood. 他用一块木头做成一个哨子。
- He **fashioned** a box from some old pieces of wood. 他用几块旧木板手工做了一个盒子。

『 **fashioned ... after...** 仿照...制作/设计 』

- If you **fashion** your character **after** your brother's, you'll get along with your classmates. 按照后者改变前者
- The new building is **fashioned after** an old Roman temple. 这座新建筑是仿照一座古罗马神庙设计的。
- Her new dress was **fashioned after** a latest style. 她的新衣服是根据一种最新款式制作的。
- Mary has always **fashioned herself after** her mother. 玛丽总模仿她的母亲。

『 **able / able** 前后都可以修饰 (灵活性高) 』

- He has to deduce what he can from the **few scanty clues available.**
- the **most civilized** society **imaginable**
- the **most shocking** spectacle **conceivable**
- the **most effectual** measure **possible**
- the **most talented** person **available**

被修饰的词前面有其它修饰时, able / ible 通常会后置。

※ Among tribal people all knowledge inherited by tradition is shared by all; it is taught to every member of the tribe so that in this respect everybody is equally equipped for life.

『 share v.共享, 合用; 分享 』

- In some moods, nature **shares** it. 有一样的, 共同的
- This shows how long it was before we deemed it necessary to make sure that all our children could **share in** the knowledge accumulated by the 'happy few' during the past centuries. 本课内容

<p><b>share sth. with sb.</b> 与某人分享某物</p>	<p>I would like to <b>share</b> my ideas <b>with</b> the rest of the team. 我想与团队的其他成员分享我的想法。</p>
<p><b>share (in) sth.</b> 分享/分担 (情感、责任、成果等)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We all <b>share in</b> the joy of your great success. 我们都分享着你获得巨大成功的喜悦。</li> <li>• She <b>shares (in)</b> my troubles as well as my joys.</li> </ul>

『 in this respect 在这一方面;在这点上 』

- The two companies are similar **in this respect**: both prioritize innovation. 这两家公司在这一方面是相似的: 都优先考虑创新。
- The two models are very similar **in this respect**. 这两款型号在这方面非常相似。

<p><b>in this aspect</b> 在这个方面</p>	<p>We need to improve our service <b>in this aspect</b>. 我们需要在这个方面改进我们的服务。</p>
<p><b>in this way</b> 以这种方式; 这样一来</p>	<p><b>In this way</b>, we can save both time and money. 以这种方式, 我们既能节省时间又能省钱。</p>
<p><b>from this angle</b> 从这个角度 (物理或抽象)</p>	<p>If you look at the problem <b>from this angle</b>, it seems much simpler. 如果你从这个角度看问题, 它似乎简单得多。</p>
<p><b>from this perspective</b> 从这个视角/观点来看</p>	<p><b>From this perspective</b>, the decision was clearly the right one. 从这个视角来看, 那个决定显然是正确的。</p>

equality in terms of receiving knowledge 总结: 在获取知识方面的平等性

『 be equipped for... 为...做好准备/具备...能力 』

- The training program aims to ensure that all graduates are **equipped for the challenges** of the modern workplace. 该培训计划旨在确保所有毕业生为现代工作场所的挑战做好准备。
- The centre **is well equipped for** canoeing and mountaineering. 本中心有齐全的划船和登山设备。
- **Is the ship fully equipped for** its voyage? 这条船已经为出航装备好了吗?
- This hotel room **is not equipped for** cooking. 这家旅馆的房间不备炊具。

## 承上启下 难度：5 级

※ It **is** the ideal condition of the 'equal start' which only our most progressive forms of modern education **try** to regain.

『 **progressive** a adj. 进步的、先进的 』

- The **progressive political party** campaigned for more environmental protections. 该进步政党致力于争取更多的环境保护措施。
- Her **progressive ideas** about education reform were well-received by the board. 她关于教育改革的进步思想受到了委员会的好评。

<p><b>aggressive</b> <small>好斗的；进取的；有侵略性的</small></p>	<p>The company took an <b>aggressive</b> approach to capturing the new market. 该公司采取了积极进取的方式来占领新市场。</p>
<p><b>regressive</b> <small>退步的；退化的；(税收) 倒退的</small></p>	<p>Critics argue that the new tax is <b>regressive</b> and hurts the poor. 批评者认为新税收制度是倒退的，会伤害穷人。</p>

『 **regain** v. recover / restore 重新获得，恢复；重回，回到（某处） 』

- It took him several months to fully **regain / recover / restore his health** after the surgery. 手术后他花了几个月时间才完全恢复健康。
- The patient was overjoyed to **regain / recover / restore her sight** after the successful operation. 手术成功后，病人因恢复视力而欣喜若狂。
- The doctors worked quickly to **regain / recover / restore his consciousness** after he fainted. 他晕倒后，医生们迅速采取行动使他恢复了知觉。
- She tripped on the rug but managed to **regain / recover / restore her balance** before falling. 她在地毯上绊了一下，但在摔倒前稳住了平衡。
- He took a deep breath to **regain / recover / restore his composure** before starting the speech. 在开始演讲前，他深吸了一口气以恢复镇静。
- American business will **regain / recover / restore its shine**. 美国商业将重获光彩。

※ In primitive cultures the obligation to seek and to receive the traditional instruction is binding to all.

『 **obligation to do sth.** 做某事的义务/责任 』

- Employees have an **obligation to follow** the company's code of conduct. 员工有义务遵守公司的行为准则。
- We **have a moral obligation to** protect the environment. 我们有道义责任保护环境。
- She did not feel **under any obligation to** tell him the truth. 她觉得没有义务告诉他实情。
- We do not have any legal or moral **obligation to** any physician. 我们对任何医生都没有任何法律或道义上的义务。
- The firm **has no obligation / is under no obligation / isn't under any obligation to** offer you a job.

<p><b>have an obligation to do sth.</b> 有义务做某事</p>	<p>Parents <b>have an obligation to</b> ensure their children receive an education. 父母有义务确保孩子接受教育。</p>
<p><b>be under an obligation to do sth.</b> 承担做某事的义务</p>	<p>The company <b>is under an obligation to</b> provide a safe working environment. 公司有义务提供安全的工作环境。</p>
<p><b>have no obligation to do sth.</b> 没有义务做某事</p>	<p>You <b>have no obligation to</b> answer any personal questions during the interview. 在面试中, 你没有义务回答任何私人问题。</p>
<p><b>be under no obligation to do sth.</b> 不承担做某事的义务</p>	<p>The shop <b>is under no obligation to</b> offer a refund without a receipt. 如果没有收据, 商店没有义务提供退款。</p>
<p><b>be not under any obligation to do sth.</b> (强调) 不承担任何做某事的义务</p>	<p>We <b>are not under any obligation to</b> accept the first offer we receive. 我们没有任何义务必须接受我们收到的第一份报价。</p>

『 **binding** adj.(协议, 承诺) 有约束力的, 必须遵守的 』

- a legally **binding** document
- ...proposals for a **legally binding** commitment on nations to stabilize emissions of carbon dioxide. ...关于就稳定二氧化碳排放各国做出有法律约束力的承诺的建议。
- Once both parties sign the document, it becomes a **legally binding** agreement. 一旦双方签署文件, 它就成了具有法律约束力的协议。

<p><b>bind</b> v.约束(bound )捆绑; 约束; 使团结</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The thief is <b>bound</b> to a tree.</li> <li>Common interests <b>bind</b> the different members of the community together. 共同的利益将社区的不同成员团结在一起。</li> </ul>
<p><b>bind sb. to do sth.</b> 约束某人做某事</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The terms of the contract <b>bind him to</b> complete the work by June. 合同条款约束他必须在六月前完成工作。</li> <li>The Kyoto Protocol <b>binds</b> each country <b>to</b> reduce the emission of greenhouse gases.</li> </ul>
<p><b>be binding to all</b> 对所有人都有约束力</p>	<p>The contract terms <b>are binding to all</b> parties involved. 合同条款对所有相关方都具有约束力。</p> <p>The law <b>is binding to all</b> citizens. 法律对所有公民都有约束力。</p>

※ There **are no** 'illiterates' -- **if** the term **can be applied** to peoples without a script -- **while** our own compulsory school attendance **became** law in Germany in 1642, in France in 1806, and in England in 1876, **and is** still non-existent in a number of 'civilized' nations.

『 **script** n.文字; 脚本; 剧本 』

- The ancient **script** was finally deciphered by a team of archaeologists. 这套古文字最终被一支考古队破译了。
- Many different languages in history have been written using **Arab script**. 历史上许多不同的语言都曾使用阿拉伯文字书写。

『 **compulsory school attendance / education / schooling** 义务教育 』

- The state enforces **compulsory school attendance** for all children under sixteen. 州政府对所有 16 岁以下的儿童强制执行就学规定。
- Free **compulsory education** is a fundamental right in many countries. 在许多国家, 免费义务教育是一项基本权利。
- The age for **compulsory schooling** varies depending on local laws. 义务教育的年龄因当地法律而异。

※ This **shows** how long it **was before** we **deemed** it necessary to make sure that all our children **could share** in the knowledge accumulated by the 'happy few' during the past centuries.

『 **before** conj. (先) ...才...;就...; 然后...;宁愿..也不... 』

- It will be a long time **before** we meet again. 时间比预期的长, 翻译为“才...”
- Looking at his watch, he saw that it was one o'clock, but the bell struck thirteen times **before** it stopped. 才...
- I hadn't waited long **before** he came. 比预期的时间短, 翻译为“就...”
- I shaved **before** I went to the party. 当成副词, 翻译为“然后...”
- Alfred stayed in the camp a week **before** he returned to Athelney. 然后...
- I'll die **before** I give in. 宁愿也不...“宁死不屈”
- ..., and these will ply the short wings with such irresistible power that they can bore for long distances through an opposing gale **before** exhaustion follows. 直到...

<p><b>when</b> conj. (比预期长) 才...</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The plane had been planting seed for nearly a month <b>when</b> it began to rain. 比预期长, 翻译为“才...”</li> <li>• He had travelled only seven miles across the Channel <b>when</b> his engine failed and he was forced to land on the sea. 比预期短, 翻译为“就...”</li> <li>• Shrugging my shoulders, I began to walk away <b>when</b>, a moment later, he ran after me and thrust the pen into my hands. 然后...</li> <li>• Stone does not decay, and so the tools of long ago have remained <b>when</b> even the bones of the men who made them have disappeared without trace. 尽管...</li> <li>• Why do you walk <b>when</b> you have a car? 既然(引导让步)</li> </ul>
--	--

『 **the few** (有权有势的) 少数人 』

- A government should serve **the many**, not **the few**.
- Decisions are often made by **the few** who control the resources. 决定往往是由掌控资源的少数人做出的。

<p><b>the happy few</b> 少数幸运儿; 少数享有特权的人</p>	<p>Only <b>the happy few</b> were invited to the private gallery opening. 只有少数幸运儿被邀请参加私人画廊的开幕式。</p>
<p><b>the privileged few</b> 少数特权阶层</p>	<p>Quality healthcare should not be reserved only for <b>the privileged few</b>. 优质的医疗保健不应仅供少数特权阶层享有。</p>
<p><b>the many</b> 大众; 多数人</p>	<p>Laws should be designed to benefit <b>the many</b>, not just the powerful. 法律的设计应当造福大众, 而不仅仅是权势者。</p>

The 19th Amendment to the Constitution of the US shows how long it was before the Americans deemed it necessary to make sure that women could share in the right to

vote taken by the privileged few during the past few centuries. 阅读资料

## 总结 (借古讽今) 难度: 4 级

※ Education in the wilderness is not a matter of monetary means.

『 a / the matter / question of ... ...的事儿/问题 』

- It's only **a matter of** time.
- It's **a matter of** personal taste.
- It's **a matter of** preference.
- It's **a matter of** interest.
- It's **a matter of** life and death.
- I can't take the money. It's **a matter of** principle.
- ... it looks very much as if sleeping is **not simply a matter of** giving the body a rest.
- **These are partly a matter of** personal circumstances, partly a matter of psychology.

**a question of ...** ...  
的问题

- She is so talented that her success **is only a question of time.**
- ... **but as soon as the question of prestige arises,** ...
- Refusing to ask for help was **a question of pride** for him. 对他来说, 拒绝寻求帮助是一个自尊心问题。

『 **monetary means** 金钱手段/经济能力 』

- Education in the wilderness is not a matter of **monetary means.** 荒野中的教育不是金钱的问题。
- The project failed due to a lack of **monetary means.** 由于缺乏经济能力, 该项目失败了。
- The charity relies on donations rather than its own **monetary means.** 该慈善机构依靠捐款, 而不是自身的经济能力。

**monetary policy** 货币政策

The central bank adjusted its **monetary policy** to control inflation. 中央银行调整了其货币政策以控制通货膨胀。

**monetary unit** 货币单位

The dollar is the basic **monetary unit** of the United States. 美元是美国的基本货币单位。

※ **All are entitled** to an equal start.

All **are entitled to receive** equal education. 替换写法

『 **be entitled to** 有资格享有/有权获得 』

- Everyone is **entitled to an equal start** in the primitive education system. 在原始教育体系中，所有人都有权享有平等的起跑线。
- All citizens are **entitled to free healthcare**. 所有公民都有权获得免费医疗。
- You may **be entitled to a refund** if the product is faulty. 如果产品有缺陷，您可能有权获得退款。

<b>be entitled to sth.</b> 有权获得某物；有权享有某事	Full-time employees <b>are entitled to</b> annual paid leave. 全职员工有权享有年度带薪休假。
<b>be entitled to do sth.</b> 有权做某事	You <b>are entitled to</b> receive a discount if you book in advance. 如果你提前预订，就有权获得折扣。

※ There **is none of the hurry** which, in our society, often hampers the full development of a growing personality.

『 **hamper** v.妨碍/阻碍 』

- Lack of experience may **hamper his progress**. 缺乏经验可能会妨碍他的进步。
- The author contrasts the slow, careful pace of wilderness education with the hurry which, in our society, often **hampers** the full development of a growing personality. 作者将荒野教育缓慢、谨慎的节奏与“在我们社会中经常妨碍成长中人格充分发展的仓促”进行了对比。
- Bad weather will **hamper rescue efforts**. 恶劣的天气将阻碍救援工作。

※ There, a child grows up under the ever-present attention of his parent; therefore the jungles and the savannahs know of no 'juvenile delinquency'.

『 **ever-present attention** 无时不在的关注(始终在场的、从未缺席的) 』

- the ever-present threat 始终存在的威胁
- The child grows up under the **ever-present attention** of his parent. 孩子在父母无时不在的关注下成长。
- The problem of climate change is **an ever-present** concern for scientists. 气候变化问题是科学家们一直关注的问题。

『 **ever-doing** 始终、一直、持续... 』

- We have to ask ourselves very seriously what will happen if this twofold use of knowledge, with its **ever-increasing** power, continues.
- Companies with a lot of this type of debt are in a big hurry, willing to trade **ever-decreasing** velocity for expediency of delivery. 公司有很多此类债务，他们很着急，愿意用交付换取逐渐降低的速度。
- We need things consumed, burned up, replaced and discarded at an **ever-accelerating** rate. 我们需要以一直在加快的速率，消费、燃烧、更换和抛弃东西。

<b>the ever-changing world</b> 不断变化的世界	We must adapt quickly to succeed in <b>the ever-changing world</b> . 我们必须快速适应才能在这个不断变化的世界中取得成功。
<b>the ever-growing knowledge</b> 不断增长的知识	Lifelong learning is essential to keep up with <b>the ever-growing knowledge</b> of the digital age. 终身学习对于紧跟信息时代不断增长的知识至关重要。
<b>the ever-developing economy</b> 不断发展的经济	New job opportunities are created by <b>the ever-developing economy</b> . 不断发展的经济创造了新的就业机会。
<b>the ever-expanding market</b> 不断扩大的市场	The company is looking for ways to enter <b>the ever-expanding market</b> in Southeast Asia. 公司正在寻找进入东南亚这一不断扩大的市场的方法。
<b>the ever-deepening reform</b> 不断深化的改革	<b>The ever-deepening reform</b> has brought significant changes to the education system. 不断深化的改革给教育体制带来了重大变化。
<b>the ever-dwindling resources</b> 不断减少的资源	We must find sustainable alternatives to replace <b>the ever-dwindling resources</b> of fossil fuels. 我们必须找到可持续的替代品来取代不断减少的化石燃料资源。

『 **jungle** (经常出现在固定搭配中)n. (热带) 丛林; 弱肉强食的地方 』

- After years of living in **the concrete jungle** of New York, he moved to a quiet farm. 在纽约这个水泥丛林 (指拥挤、冷漠且充满竞争的大城市) 生活了多年后，他搬到了一个安静的农场。
- In the cutthroat world of international business, **the law of the jungle** often prevails. 在残酷的国际商业世界中，丛林法则 (指弱肉强食、适者生存) 往往占据主导地位。

『 **know of no...** 不知道有.../没有... 』

- The jungles and the savannahs **know of no 'juvenile delinquency'**. 丛林和稀树草原不知道有“青少年犯罪”。

- The peaceful village **knows of no violence**. 这个和平的村庄不知道有暴力。
- Verrazano, an Italian **about** whom little is **known**, sailed into New York Harbour in 1524 and named it Angouleme.

『 **sth. know of** 托物抒情(无灵主语) 』

- The 1980s **witnessed** enormous growth in the financial sector. 80年代见证了...
- A gentle breeze **caressed** my cheeks and **soothed** my heart. 轻风拂面、抚慰我心~

<b>know of / about</b> 知道; 了解 (关于.....的情况)	I <b>know of</b> the artist, but I don't <b>know</b> much <b>about</b> her specific style. 我知道这位艺术家, 但对她的具体风格了解不多。
<b>learn of / about</b> 获悉; 得知; 了解	We were shocked to <b>learn of</b> the sudden changes to the project. 获悉项目的突然变动, 我们感到非常震惊。
<b>hear of / about</b> 听说; 得知	Have you <b>heard of</b> the new restaurant that opened downtown? 你听说过市中心新开的那家餐厅吗?

※ **No** necessity of making a living away from home **results** in neglect of children, **and** no father **is confronted** with his inability to 'buy' an education for his child.

『 **No** 位于句首, 否定整句话 』

- **No** money buys health. 钱买不到健康
- **No** two sorts of birds practise quite the same sort of flight; the varieties are infinite; but two classes may be roughly seen.

『 **be confronted / faced with ...** 面对/遭遇 (通常指必须处理的困难或问题) 』

- The government **was confronted with** a severe economic crisis. 政府面临着严重的经济危机。
- No father **is confronted with** his inability to 'buy' an education for his child. 没有父亲会面对他无法为孩子“购买”教育的问题。
- The government **is confronted with** the challenge of rising unemployment. 政府正面临失业率上升的挑战。
- He was suddenly **confronted with the truth**. 他突然面对了真相。

<b>be faced with ...</b> 面对; 面临 (处境、选择或障碍)	We <b>are faced with</b> a difficult choice between two excellent candidates. 我们正面临在两位优秀候选人之间做出艰难的选择。
--	---



Call it a day.

收工；今天到此为止

请发送邮件至：[hibenba@gmail.com](mailto:hibenba@gmail.com) 或通过 ([ncego.com](https://ncego.com)) 页面底部“举报错误”。

一场孤独的修行，需要相信积累的力量。专注当下、珍惜时间、顶峰相见。