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Lesson 139&140 Is that you, John?

是你吗，约翰？ **宾语从句**

与课文关联的 6 个单词(点击每个单词可查看详细介绍) 

extra * /'ekstrə/ adj. 额外的

engineer /,endʒɪ'nɪə(r)/ n. 工程师

overseas /,əʊvə'si:z/

adj. 海外的，国外的

engineering /,endʒɪ'nɪərɪŋ/

company * /'kʌmpəni/ n. 公司

line * /laɪn/ n. 线路

n. 工程

课文理解 复习宾语从句 难度：3 级

※ 电话用语 §

面对面(包括视频对话)		电话/远程(不能看到人的对话)	
Are you Lucy?	I'm Venus.	Is that Lucy?	This is Venus.
		Is that you, Lucy? (是你吗,xxx?)	It's Venus. (Yes, speaking. 是的, 请讲.)

※ **Tell Mary** (动宾) **we'll be late for dinner this evening.** 祈使句 + 宾语 (双宾语从句)

You **tell** Mary (that) **we'll be late for dinner this evening.** 原句

『 **be late for sth.** 做某事迟到了 』

- He **is** late **for class**. 他上课迟到了
- They **were** late **for meeting** yesterday. 他们开会迟到了
- Don't **be** late **for work!** 上班不要迟到!
- I **was** late **for school** yesterday. 我昨天上学迟到了。

※ **I'm afraid I don't understand.** 主系表 + 形容词补足语(常常被误解为宾语从句)

- I'm sorry... 我很抱歉 + 从句...
- I'm afraid... 我恐怕 + 从句... 通常用于委婉的拒绝别人

※ **Hasn't Mary told you?** 否定疑问句(难道...)

- Has Mary told you? 现在完成时

※ **I said I would be at your house at six o'clock.** (said 导致了 will 变 would, 过去将来时的间接引语)

主句	从句
I say (一般现在)	I will be at your house at six o'clock. (直接引语, 引用原话)
He said (一般过去)	he would be at your house at six o'clock. (相应的过去)

I **said** "I **will be** at your house at six o'clock." 直接引语

※ **And by the way, my wife wants to know if Mary needs any help.** (非条件状语从句)

by the way 顺便 (顺便说一下, 问一下, 提一下)

主句	从句
my wife wants to know	if <u>Mary needs any help</u> . (双宾语从句)

宾语从句的语序: **Does** Mary need any help? 但在上面句子里做为了宾语, 需要还原成陈述句(三单)无需助动词。

※ **I don't know what you're talking about.** 主 + 谓 + 宾

主语	谓语	宾语
I	don't know	what ^(做成分不可省略) <u>you're talking about.</u>

语序：What **are** you talking about? 需要把特殊疑问句改为陈述句的语序 (What you **are** talking about?)。

※ **work for** 为....而工作，受雇于...

- I work for a big company.

语法知识 本册宾语从句完整知识点 难度：7级

『什么是宾语从句 §』

用一个句子做为宾语来使用。 主语 + 及物动词 + 宾语从句^(陈述句)

- I **believe** this house **is** for sale.
- She **said** he **would** not **let** her make another film.

『宾语从句的时态 §』

- A. 主句一般现在，从句任意时态
- B. 主句一般过去，从句相应过去

※ **宾语从句的种类** (3类)

『1、That + 引导词(口语、不做成分时省略) + 肯定句』

主语	谓语/系动词	引导词	从句
He	says	that he	is ...
	thinks		feels ...
	believes		has (got) ...
	knows		needs ...
	understands		wants ...

	is afraid	can ...
	is sorry	must ...
	is sure	will ...

『 2、if + 一般疑问句 (陈述语序) 』

主语	谓语/系动词	引导词	从句	一般疑问句 (简单句)
I	want to know	If/whether	<u>he is</u> a doctor.	Is he a doctor? 他是医生吗?
			<u>they were</u> in Beijing.	Were they in Beijing? 他们以前在北京吗?
			<u>he will go</u> there.	Will he go there? 他打算去吗?
			<u>you have watched</u> the movie.	Have you watched the movie? 你看过这部电影吗?
			<u>you like</u> red.	Do you like red? 你喜欢红色吗?
			<u>he went</u> to SH.	Did he go to SH yesterday? 他昨天去上海了吗?

『 3、what/who... + 特殊疑问句 (陈述语序) 』

特殊疑问句 (简单句)	宾语从句 (引导词做成分不可省略)		
Who is he? 他是谁?	I	want to know	who he is .
Where were you yesterday? 你昨天在哪?			where you were yesterday.
When will he come back? 他什么时候回来?			when he will come back.
What books have you read ? 你读过什么书?			what books you have read.

Which car does he like?他喜欢哪辆车?		which car he likes .
What present do you like?你喜欢什么礼物?		what present you like .

『如何识别宾语从句』

1. 宾语从句通常出现在主句中作为动词的宾语 I don't know **who she is**.
2. 宾语从句在语法上可以替代一个名词或名词短语作为整个句子的宾语 He said **he would come tomorrow**.
3. 宾语从句通常由连词引导 She asked me **if I had finished the work**.
4. 宾语从句的语序与陈述句的语序一样 I wonder **where he went**.
5. 宾语从句有时可以根据语义和逻辑思考来判断 She believes **that honesty is the best policy**.

主 + 谓	引导词	从句
及物动词 +	that(不做成分可省略)	句子(陈述句)
	if	
	what	
	when	
	where	
	which	
	who	
	... 其它特殊疑问词	

有时引导词是可以省略的(that)，我们在识别的时候主要还是看：**及物动词 + 句子**，像这样的是：主 + 谓 + 宾，但我们在前期课程中也学到过一个：主 + 谓 + 宾 + 宾，这样的主谓双宾结果就是：**及物动词 + sb. + 句子**，也是宾语从句的一种。

主 + 谓	宾语	引导词	从句
及物动词 +	sb. +	that	句子(陈述句语序)

		if	
		what	
		when	
		where	
		which	
		who	
		... 其它特殊疑问词	
Tell	me	what	<u>you did yesterday.</u>
He asked		when	<u>I would get married.</u>

『 宾语从句否定前移 (表达观点: think, believe, feel...) 』

I think you are not right. x (否定了right,所以不能这样使用)	I don't think (在主句里去否定think) you are right. ✓
我认为你是 不对的 。	我 不认为 你是 对的 。

I don't think it's fine today.	我觉得今天天气不好 = 我不觉得今天天气好。
I don't think he is awesome/cool.	我觉得他不帅 = 我不觉得他帅

『 特例: 我知道你是**不对的**。 ≠ 我不知道你是**对的**。 』

I know you are not right.	我知道你是 不对的 。(强调不对)
I don't know you are right.	我 不知道 你是 对的 。(强调不知道)

单词句型 宾语从句练习 难度: 6 级

第一者 (问)	第二者 (没听清)	第三者 (转述)
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Are you tired?	What does he want to know?	He wants to know <u>if you are</u> tired.
Why are you tired?		He wants to know <u>why you are</u> tired.
Are you reading?		He wants to know <u>if you are</u> reading.
What are you reading?		He wants to know <u>what you are</u> reading.
Does Tom always do his homework?		He wants to know <u>if Tom always does</u> his homework.
When does Tom do his homework?		He wants to know <u>when Tom does</u> his homework.

※ 完成下面的练习

一般疑问句	宾语从句	问原因 ^(Why?)
Are you tired?	I want to know <u>if you are</u> tired. Tell me <u>if you are</u> tired.	I want to know <u>why you are</u> tired. Tell me <u>why you are</u> tired.
Are you late?	I want to know <u>if you are</u> late. Tell me <u>if you are</u> late.	I want to know <u>why you are</u> late. Tell me <u>why you are</u> late.
Are you dirty?		
Are you lazy?		
Are you busy?		
Are you happy?		

※ 模仿改写以下句子

一般疑问句	宾语从句	在做什么 ^(What?)
Are you reading?	I want to know <u>if you are</u> reading. Tell me <u>if you are</u> reading.	I want to know <u>what you are</u> reading. Tell me <u>what you are</u> reading.

Are you writing?	I want to know <u>if you are writing</u> . Tell me <u>if you are writing</u> .	I want to know <u>what you are writing</u> . Tell me <u>what you are writing</u> .
Are you painting?		
Are you cooking?		
Are you playing?		

※ 时态练习

一般疑问句	宾语从句	什么时候(When?)
Did Tom go to bed early?	I want to know <u>if Tom went to bed early</u> . Tell me <u>if Tom went to bed early</u> .	I want to know <u>when Tom went to bed</u> . Tell me <u>when Tom went to bed</u> .
Did Tom get up early?	I want to know <u>if Tom got up early</u> . Tell me <u>if Tom got up early</u> .	I want to know <u>when Tom got up</u> . Tell me <u>when Tom got up</u> .
Did Tom arrive late?		
Did Tom do his homework yesterday?		
Did Tom have a bath yesterday?		

扩展知识 宾语从句在口语中的使用 难度：3级

在**口语中**与书面一样的需要遵循从句为**陈述句**顺序。

I don't know	<u>what you are talking about</u> . 我不知道你在说什么。
	Are you talking about. 你在说什么?
I forget	<u>what I had for breakfast this morning</u> . 我忘记早饭吃了什么。

	had I for breakfast this morning? 我今早吃早餐吗?
I want to know	<u>what she is doing.</u> 我想知道她在干嘛。
	is she doing? 她正在做吗?

※ 宾语从句强化练习

一般疑问句	
Are you busy?	I want to know if you are busy.
Is the shirt dirty?	I want to know if the shirt is dirty.
Is Tom lazy?	I want to know if Tom is lazy.
Is Mary sleeping?	I want to know if Mary is sleeping.
Are you watching TV?	I want to know if you are watching TV.
Is he climbing the tree?	I want to know if he is climbing the tree.
Are you going to paint this bookcase?	I want to know if you are going to paint this bookcase.
Is she going to have a holiday?	I want to know if she is going to have a holiday.
Are they going to move into the new house?	I want to know if they are going to move into the new house.
特殊疑问句	
Where is the restroom?	Can you tell me where the restroom is?
Who is he?	I want to know who he is.
When is your birthday?	I want to know when your birthday is.



Yellow dog

卑鄙的人

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